People. Purpose. Passion. The Flights of Success

Monday, October 14 - 9:00 am: Building a Wingman



Lt. Colonel Scott "Hurler" Weaver, USAF, retired, Your Wingman 866-925-3616; info@YourWingman.com

Lt. Col. Scott "Hurler" Weaver is a decorated combat fighter pilot, experienced business consultant and author of The Pilots of Thunderbird Field which teaches leaders and organizations how to build winning teams and effectively execute Top Gun business strategies. Presenting insightful tools and techniques on preparation, mutual support, open communication, and accountability, Hurler shares how he leveraged his extensive military training to survive the heat of battle and lead teams to safely succeed in demanding environments. Through captivating stories, group interaction, and high-energy video, you will

learn the fundamentals of operational excellence when the pressure is on.

You'll discover how you can prepare diligently for every mission, employ loyal wingmen to promote integrity and trust in the workplace, and lead your organization with courage, compassion and conviction.

Hurler is a certified speaker with Wingman Enterprises, a peak performance coaching and consulting firm. His clients include industry leaders in healthcare, manufacturing, financial services, safety training and education.

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Monday, October 14 -10:00 am: Michigan Department of Treasury Update



Joyce Parker, Deputy Treasurer, State/Local Finance 517.335.7301; ParkerJ24@michigan.gov

Joyce is the Michigan Department of Treasury's Deputy Treasurer of State and Local Finance. She was named Deputy Treasurer in July of 2019. Ms. Parker is an experienced administrator, having managed suburban communities, urban cities and charter townships with rapid growth and development. She is a credentialed city manager and has developed budgets up to \$250 million and led organizations with 800 employees.



Heather Frick, Bureau Administrator, Bureau of Local Government and School Services 517.335-7465; FrickH@michigan.gov

Heather is the Director of Bureau of Local Government and School Services. Ms. Frick formerly served as the Executive Director of the State Tax Commission and as a recognized expert regarding legal research and analysis in the area of property tax matters for the Department of Treasury. Prior to being employed by the State of Michigan, Ms. Frick worked in private practice in Petoskey, Michigan representing a broad range of clients handling a complexity of real estate, tax, and corporate matters. Ms. Frick is a Michigan Advanced Assessing Officer (3), Personal Property Examiner and member of the State Bar of Michigan.



Larry Steckelberg, Administrator, Community Services Division, Bureau of Local Government and School Services 517-241-3733; steckelbergL@michigan.gov

Larry is the Administrator for the Community Services Division in the Bureau of Local Government and School Services at the Michigan Department of Treasury. His primary areas of focus are the administration of tax exemptions, PRE audit activity, the collection of the State Education Tax, and the fiscal and managerial health of local communities which have experienced, or could experience, fiscal distress. Larry has worked for the State of Michigan for 29 years including 17 years in various

positions in the Michigan Legislature and 13 years in Treasury. Larry holds a B.A. in Economics from Michigan State University, a Master's in Public Administration from Western Michigan University, and a Lean Green Belt certification from Oakland University. He is also a licensed assessor at the Michigan Advanced Assessing Officer level.

People. Purpose. Passion. The Flights of Success

Monday, October 14 -10:00 am: Michigan Department of Treasury Update, continued



Cary Vaughn, Audit Manager, Community Engagement and Finance Division VaughnC2@michigan.gov

Cary has worked for the MI Dept. of Treasury for 24 years. He is the manager over the Audit Section of the Community Engagement and Finance Division which performs and reviews auditing and accounting throughout the state. He is a certified public accountant and a certified government financial manager. Cary is a graduate of the University of Michigan, Flint and is a member of the Michigan Committee on Governmental Accounting and Auditing and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.



MICHIGAN MUNICIPAL TREASURERS ASSOCIATION

October 14, 2019

About Treasury

We aim to improve the citizen experience by building a culture of service through continuous improvement and engaging our employees.



Culture of Taxpayer Service



Continuous Improvement



Engaged Employees

Our Approach to Improving Service

Internal processes

Listening and sharing

Finding solutions



The Treasury Team



Rachael Eubanks
Treasurer



Jeff Guilfoyle Chief Deputy Treasurer



Sally DurfeeChief of Staff



Jon Braeutigam
Chief Investment Officer



Ann Good
Deputy Treasurer
Financial & Admin. Services



Joyce Parker Deputy Treasurer State/Local Finance



Glenn White Deputy Treasurer Tax Administration

State and Local Finance Organizational Chart

State Treasurer

Rachel Eubanks

State and Local Government Finance

Joyce Parker Deputy Treasurer

Bureau of Local Government and School Services

Heather Frick
State Bureau Director

Bureau of State and Authority Finance

Deborah Roberts State Bureau Director Michigan Infrastructure Council

Jessica Moy
State Division Administrator

Local Government Core Processes:

The Bureau of Local Government and School Services has a wide range of responsibilities, including:

- Partnering to ensure the fair, efficient, and strategic implementation of statutory requirements
- Ensuring compliance with, and enforcement of statutory requirements
- Analyzing and making recommendations for policy and legislative changes
- Building trusted relationships with internal and external customers and partners
- Gathering and analyzing data from local governments and school districts to identify trends and deliver targeted resources
- Conducting financial and process audits and reviews
- Coordinating and providing support services and resources to our local governments and school districts
- Administering property tax laws

Changing the way we interact with our stakeholders

- INFORM Proactively and consistently share information with stakeholders via conferences, trade shows, newsletters and media relations
- RESPOND Use stakeholder feedback to improve guidance, correspondence, policies and procedures
- RESOLVE Committed to first-time resolution for taxpayers and improved systems and applications

Looking Forward

- Focusing on transparency, integrity and service delivery
- Serving as a resource in shaping policy
- Resolving issues in a collaborative way
- Being faithful stewards of public funds and the public interest

Our Panel

LARRY STECKELBERG

Community Service Division Administrator

CAREY VAUGHN

Audit Section Manager

Moderated by **HEATHER FRICK**

State Bureau Director, Bureau of Local Government and School Services





People. Purpose. Passion. The Flights of Success

Mon., Oct. 14-11:15 am: Breakout - Understanding Tax Increment Finance, Regulations/Reporting



Jim Mills, Accounting and Auditing Manager, Michigan Department of Treasury 517-335-4669; millsj@michigan.gov

Jim is the manager of the Accounting and Auditing Section in the Community Services Division at the Michigan Department of Treasury. He oversees the collection and audit of more than \$2 billion in property taxes levied by the State of Michigan, including the state education tax, real estate transfer tax and industrial facility tax.

His section assists local governments with both the calculation and distribution of various specific taxes levied on tax-abated properties, compliance with the Re-codified Tax Increment Financing Act, and the state reimbursement of TIF revenue loss due to changes in personal property taxation.

Jim has a BBA in finance and an MPA in public finance, both from Western Michigan University, and is certified as a Michigan Advanced Assessing Officer and Michigan Personal Property Examiner.

Understanding the Recodified Tax Increment Financing Act

MMTA Fall Conference October 14, 2019



Jim Mills

Michigan Department of Treasury

Presentation Outline

- Background on Tax Increment Financing Reform
- Overview of Recodified Tax Increment Financing Act
 - New Plan Filing Requirements
 - New Public Meeting Requirements
 - New Website Posting Requirements
 - Treasury Report Filing and Enforcement

- 1994 School Taxes
- DDA, TIFA and LDFA cannot capture State (SET), local school or intermediate school taxes after 1994 EXCEPT to extent necessary to repay eligible advances, eligible obligations and other protected obligations
- "Catalyst Development Project" added in 2012



- 1994 Opt Out
- If a public hearing is held after February 14, 1994 to create new DDA or LDFA (or expand district), governing body of taxing units can adopt resolution within 60 days to opt out of capture.
- Only applies to public hearing to establish DDA/LDFA or amend boundaries, not Plan amendment.
- Village of Holly v Holly Township, 267 Mich App 461 (2005)

- 2013 Zoo and DIA taxes
- Wayne Circuit Judge ruled in June 2013 Wayne County Zoo case that TIFs could capture zoo/DIA millages, but Legislature changed law to add exclusion effective in 2013.



- "Tax increment revenues" excludes Ad valorem property taxes levied under 1 or more of the following:
- (I) The zoological authorities act,
- (II) The art institute authorities act.



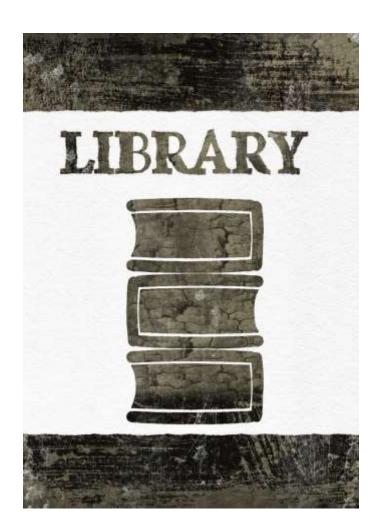
2016 – Judgment Tax Levy



- Amendment to Revised Judicature Act (not TIF Acts) prohibiting any judgment against governmental entity being "retained or captured by any other governmental entity."
- Applied <u>retroactively</u> for all judgments entered after May 6, 2015.
- Wayne County judgment levy was ordered May 29, 2015.

Library Exemption/Opt Out Acts

- 2016 Library Taxes
- Exempts certain library millages from capture by TIFs
- Provides for libraries to opt out of capture if TIF boundaries expanded or Plan duration extended



2016 Legislative Reform Proposals

- Prevent capture of any millage approved by voters after 2016 for all taxing units (including renewals)
- Duration limit on new plans (20 years) limit extension of existing plans (5 years)
- Authorize State Tax Commission to cut off all TIR capture for violations of Act.

2017-18 Reform Issues

- Other taxing units (e.g. Counties) want opt out rights or exclusions from capture
- Complaints about lack of transparency and information
- Complaints about noncompliance with reporting
- Questions about how much is captured and spent by TIFs
- Issues with TIFs holding money without spending on projects

Recodified Tax Increment Financing Act

Public Act 57 of 2018 – Recodified Tax Increment Financing Act (MCL 125.4101)

- Signed by Governor on March 15, 2018
- Effective on January 1, 2019
- Repealed and recodified 7 TIF Acts repealed 2 entirely
- Established reporting requirements for TIFs
- Require TIFs to hold 2 informational meetings per year
- Established penalties for noncompliance and enforcement by Department of Treasury

Tax Increment Financing Acts Repealed and Recodified

- Downtown Development Authority Act (PA 197 of 1975) MCL 125.1651 et seq. now Part
 2
- Tax Increment Finance Authority Act (PA 450 of 1980) MCL 125.1801 et seq. now Part 3
- Local Development Financing Authority Act (PA 281 of 1986) – MCL 125.2151 et seq. <u>now</u> Part 4

Tax Increment Financing Acts Repealed and Recodified

- Nonprofit Street Railways Act (PA 35 of 1867)
 MCL 472.1 et seq. now Part 5
- Corridor Improvement Authority Act (PA 280 of 2005) MCL 125.2871 et seq. now Part 6
- Water Improvement Tax Increment Financing Authority Act (PA 94 of 2008) – MCL 125.1771 et seq. now Part 7
- Neighborhood Improvement Authority Act (PA 61 of 2007) – MCL 125.2911 et seq. now Part 8

Tax Increment Financing Acts Repealed

- Historical Neighborhood Tax Increment Financing Authority Act (PA 530 of 2004) – MCL 125.2841 et seq.
- Private Investment Infrastructure Funding
 Act (PA 250 of 2010) MCL 125.1871 et seq.



Recodified Tax Increment Financing Act

- No substantive changes to provisions of TIF Acts
- Plans, notes, bonds, contracts and obligations incurred under prior Acts continue in force and effect
- DDA 2 mill taxing power is continuation of 1975
 DDA Act for purposes of Headlee Amendment
- New transparency and reporting requirements added in <u>at Part 9</u>

Hold Two Informational Meetings Annually

- When: Biannually beginning January 1, 2019
- MCL 125.4910(4)
- The board of an authority shall hold at least 2 informational meetings each year (which may be held in conjunction with other public meetings of the authority or municipality).
- Notice must be published on the municipality's or authority's
 website not less than 14 days before the date of the
 informational meeting. Notice must also be mailed not less
 than 14 days before the informational meeting by the authority
 to the governing body of each taxing jurisdiction levying taxes
 that are subject to capture. As an alternative to mailing
 notice, the authority may notify the clerk of the governing body
 of each taxing jurisdiction by electronic mail.

- When: 180 days after end of current fiscal year after January 1, 2019
- MCL 125.4910(1)

- The municipality shall create a website or utilize the existing website of the municipality that is operated and regularly maintained with access to authority records and documents, including all of the following:
- (a) Minutes of all board meetings.
- (b) Annual budget, including encumbered and unencumbered fund balances.
- (c) Annual audits.

- (d) Currently adopted development plan, if not included in a tax increment financing plan.
- (e) Currently adopted tax increment finance plan, if currently capturing tax increment revenues
- (f) Current authority staff contact information.
- (g) A listing of current contracts with a description of those contracts and other documents related to management of the authority and services provided to the authority.

- h) An <u>updated annual synopsis of activities of the</u> <u>authority</u>, which includes all of the following, if any:
 - (i) For any tax increment revenues described in the annual audit that are not expended within 5 years of their receipt, a description that provides the following:
 - (A) The reasons for accumulating those funds and the uses for which those funds will be expended.
 - (B) A time frame when the fund will be expended.
 - (C) If any funds have not been expended within 10 years of their receipt, both of the following:
 - (I) The amount of those funds.
 - (II) A written explanation of why those funds have not been expended.

- h) An <u>updated annual synopsis of activities of the</u> <u>authority</u>, which includes all of the following, if any:
 - (ii) List of authority accomplishments, including progress made on development plan and tax increment finance plan goals and objectives for the immediately preceding fiscal year.
 - (iii) List of authority projects and investments, including active and completed projects for the immediately preceding fiscal year.
 - (iv) List of authority events and promotional campaigns for the immediately preceding fiscal year.

- If the municipality does not have an existing website and chooses not to create a website, the municipality shall maintain the records at a physical location within the municipality that is open to the public.
- The requirements are required for records and documents related to fiscal years as follows:
 - (a) For the fiscal year 2019, the records and documents for that fiscal year.
 - (b) Each subsequent fiscal year add that fiscal year's records and documents to the existing documents until fiscal year 2024, at which point the website only needs the records and documents for the fiscal year and the 4 immediately preceding fiscal years.

Send a Copy of Current TIF Plan to Treasury

- When: No later than April 1, 2019
- MCL 125.4912
- Each Authority must send a copy or an electronic mail link of its currently adopted development plan or its currently adopted tax increment finance plan, if separate from the development plan, to the Department of Treasury.

- When: 180 days after end of current fiscal year after January 1, 2019 MCL 125.4911(1)
- An Authority that is capturing tax increment revenues must submit a report annually, on a form provided by the Department of Treasury, to the governing body of the municipality, the governing body of a taxing unit levying taxes subject to capture by an authority, and the Department of Treasury.
- NEW: Report must also be filed with governing body of each taxing unit levying taxes subject to capture, but no longer needs to be published in newspaper.

- The report shall include all of the following:
- (a) The name of the authority.
- (b) The date the authority was formed, the date the tax increment financing plan is set to expire or terminate, and whether the tax increment financing plan expired during the immediately preceding fiscal year.
- (c) The date the authority began capturing tax increment revenues.
- (d) The current base year taxable value of the tax increment financing district.

- The report shall include all of the following:
- (e) The unencumbered fund balance for the immediately preceding fiscal year.
- (f) The encumbered fund balance for the immediately preceding fiscal year.
- (g) The amount and source of revenue in the account, including the amount of revenue from each taxing jurisdiction.
- (h) The amount in any bond reserve account.
- (i) The amount and purpose of expenditures from the account.
- (j) The amount of principal and interest on any outstanding bonded indebtedness.

- The report shall include all of the following:
- (k) The initial assessed value of the development area or authority district by property tax classification.
- (I) The captured assessed value retained by the authority <u>by</u> <u>property tax classification.</u>
- (m) The tax increment revenues received **for the immediately preceding fiscal year.**
- (n) Whether the authority amended its development plan or its tax increment financing plan within the immediately preceding fiscal year and if the authority amended either plan, a link to the current development plan or tax increment financing plan that was amended.
- (o) Any additional information the municipality or the Department of Treasury considers necessary.

Does Treasury consider anything else necessary? - YES

- Transfers to/from other municipal funds.
- Whether the TIF plan has ever been amended to extend its duration.
- Debt other than bonded debt.
- Anything else the legislature wants to know.

What does Treasury do with reports?

- The Department of Treasury shall collect the reports and annually compile a combined report that summarizes the information reported and annually submit a copy of that combined report to each member of the Legislature (MCL 125.4911(3)).
- NEW: This is the first time Treasury has had all of this data or been required to do something with the reports.

Treasury Enforcement

 The Department of Treasury may institute proceedings to compel enforcement of this act and shall send written notification to an authority that fails to comply with the Act, to each taxing jurisdiction that has tax increment revenues captured by the authority, and to the governing body of the municipality that established the authority of a violation of any provision of this act. The written notification shall specifically detail the authority's noncompliance with this act. (MCL 125.4915(1)).

Treasury Enforcement

 If the Department of Treasury notifies an authority in writing that the authority failed to comply with any provision of the Act, and after 60 days following receipt of that notice the authority does not comply, that authority shall not capture any tax increment revenues that are in excess of amounts necessary to pay bonded indebtedness and other obligations for the period of noncompliance. (MCL 125.4915(2)).

Treasury Enforcement

During the period of noncompliance, an authority cannot amend or approve a tax increment financing plan. However, if the period of noncompliance exceeds 2 consecutive years, that authority shall not capture any tax increment revenues that are in excess of amounts necessary to pay bonded indebtedness and other obligations without a resolution of authorization of the municipality that created the authority and each taxing jurisdiction whose ad valorem taxes are subject to capture by the authority. Any excess funds captured shall be returned to the taxing jurisdiction from which they were captured. (MCL 125.4915(2)).



Future TIF Reform?

- After reports are available, future reforms possible based on combined data reports.
- Other taxing units are still interested in opt out or exclusions from millage capture.
- To be continued. . .





TAXES **UNCLAIMED PROPERTY** LOCAL GOVERNMENT STATE AND AUTHORITY FINANCE REPORTS & LEGAL

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Community Engagement and Finance

Local Retirement Reporting

Revenue Sharing

State Tax Commission

Local Fiscal Health

TREASURY / LOCAL GOVERNMENT / COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT AND FINANCE

Tax Increment Financing

New Tax Increment Finance Authority Reporting Requirements

New legislation has taken effect which creates reporting requirements for tax increment finance authorities in Michigan. The legislation combines most tax increment finance authorities in Public Act 57 of 2018, requires certain information be made available publicly and sets requirements for information that must be reported to the Michigan Department of Treasury. The seven original TIF statutes, as amended, which have been combined in Chapters 2-8 of PA 57 have all been repealed. The notable exception is Brownfield Redevelopment Finance Authorities (BRFAs), which continue to be subject to 1996 PA 381. PA 57 has no effect on BRFAs.

New requirements include:

- Public Reporting Requirements: In Section 910, the new act describes the requirement that an authority create a website or use a municipal website for the posting of the information listed in this section including budgets, audits, adopted plans, and other information.
- Treasury Reporting Requirements: Section 911 of the new act describes annual reporting requirement to Treasury and the subsequent requirement that Treasury compile the information into a report which is to be submitted annually to the Michigan Legislature.
- TIF District PA 57 Annual Financial Report Form

The new reporting requirements can be accessed at the following link: PA 57 of 2018 Section 9

The timeline below is provided to assist with planning for the necessary filings. Please note the first filing is due 180 days after a TIF's fiscal year ending after January 1, 2019. This means the earliest a report would be due is July 2019 for TIFs whose fiscal year ends in January 2019.

Contact Us

For questions, contact Travis Bukovcik at Bukovcikt@michigan.gov or 517-335-2532

Please forward any documents to Treas-StateSharePropTaxes@michigan.gov

www.michigan.gov/TIF

Travis Bukovcik

bukovcikt@michigan.gov

517-335-2532

2019 PA 57 Part 9

MCL 125.4901 - 4915



GRETCHEN WHITMER
GOVERNOR

RACHAEL EUBANKS STATE TREASURER

DATE: July 5, 2019

TO: Municipal Treasurers with Specific-Tax Properties

FROM: Community Services Division, Michigan Department of Treasury

SUBJECT: Proper Distribution of Specific-Tax Payments and the Calculation of Tax Increment

Revenue for Specific-Tax Properties in TIF Districts

The summer tax bills with the State Education Tax included have been mailed and the payments will be arriving soon, which makes it a good time to review the proper distribution of tax proceeds from "special-tax" parcels that are not on the ad valorem tax roll. These instructions cover the following six "special taxes:"

- Industrial Facility Tax (IFT) <u>1974 PA 198</u>
- Commercial Facilities Tax (CFT) 1978 PA 255
- Neighborhood Enterprise Zone Tax (NEZ) 1992 PA 147
- Obsolete Properties Tax (OPRA) 2000 PA 146
- Eligible Tax Reverted Property Tax Specific Tax ("Land Bank Tax" or "5/50 Tax") 2003 PA 260
- Commercial Rehabilitation Tax (CRT) 2005 PA 210

These taxes each have a calculation and distribution method prescribed in the statute authorizing the tax. The calculation of each tax is unique and is beyond the scope of these instructions, which is limited to the *distribution* of the tax upon collection.

In making the distributions, it is critical to keep in mind that these parcels are <u>exempt from ad valorem taxes</u>, and the distribution is not in every instance the same as ad valorem taxes, where the revenue is forwarded to the entity levying the tax. Each special-tax parcel pays a single tax, and the distribution of that tax is described in each statute. The computation of each of these taxes uses the ad valorem tax rates as a starting point and exempts many of the individual rates either in whole or in part.

While the specific-tax distributions are generally to the taxing jurisdictions *pro rata* based on the share of ad valorem taxes each levies, there are a few distinctions that are consistent among all six taxes.

First, although the computation of each specific tax uses all or part the millage levied under the State Education Tax Act, 1993 PA 331, the properties subject to the specific

- taxes <u>are exempt from the State Education Tax.</u> Each statute requires the share of the specific taxes attributable to SET millage to be sent directly to the Department of Treasury, <u>NOT</u> to the county treasurer.
- Second, although the computation of each specific tax uses all or part the local school operating millage levied under the Revised School Code, 1976 PA 451, the properties subject to the specific taxes are exempt from the local school operating millage. Each statute requires the share of the specific taxes attributable to the local school operating millage to be sent directly to the Department of Treasury, NOT to the local school district. The shares of the specific taxes attributable to millages levied by local school districts that are NOT operating millage (e.g., sinking fund and debt) should be sent to the school districts just like ad valorem taxes.
- ➤ Third, the share of specific taxes attributable to intermediate school district (ISD) operating millages (allocated, voted enhancement, special education, and career/technical (vocational) education) are determined for each ISD individually as follows:
 - Specific-tax shares attributable to ISD debt millage are always sent to the ISD;
 - Specific-tax shares attributable to ISD allocated millage are always sent to the ISD;
 - Specific-tax shares attributable to ISD voted enhancement millage are always sent to the ISD;
 - Specific-tax shares attributable to ISD special education millage are sent to the ISD if the ISD <u>DOES NOT</u> get state aid for special education under the State School Aid Act of 1979, <u>1979 PA 94</u>; if the ISD <u>DOES</u> get state aid for special education, the specific-tax share of special education millage is sent to the Department of Treasury.
 - Specific-tax shares attributable to ISD career/technical education millage are sent to the ISD if the ISD <u>DOES NOT</u> get state aid for career/technical education under the State School Aid Act of 1979, <u>1979 PA 94</u>; if the ISD <u>DOES</u> get state aid for career/technical education, the specific-tax share of career/technical education millage is sent to the Department of Treasury.

The percentage of specific taxes attributable to ISD operating millages that should be sent to ISDs are compiled annually in Appendix 1. Approximately two-thirds of all ISDs keep 100% of the specific-tax share attributable to ISD operating millages. The remaining ones receive varying percentages that are a function of millage rates and state aid received. Since Appendix 1 isn't updated until after the winter taxes are billed (spring 2020 for the 2019 tax year), Treasury advises municipal treasurers to use last year's Appendix 1 rates when distributing ISD and state shares of ISD-levied millage. Alternatively, municipal treasurers may contact ISDs directly to determine whether state aid was received for special education or career/technical education.

The shares of specific taxes that are sent directly to the Department of Treasury for deposit in the school aid fund should be accompanied by a State Share of Specific Taxes Voucher, Form 3865. You may include payments from multiple taxes on one voucher, but please be sure to list the amounts on the proper lines.

Equally important to the proper distribution of the specific taxes, but often overlooked, is whether to include tax increment financing authorities (DDAs, LDFAs, BRFAs, etc.) in the distribution for amounts "captured" by the authorities.

Treasurers are required to transmit tax increment revenues to authorities. 2018 PA 57 Sec. 215, 314, 413, 619, 716 and 815; and 1996 PA 381 Sec. 16. "Tax increment revenues" is defined in PA 381 and PA 57 individually for BRFAs, DDAs, TIFAs, LDFAs, CIAs, NIAs and WRTIFAs. Each definition includes ad valorem taxes and either "specific taxes" or "specific local taxes." Those terms are likewise defined in the same definitions sections separately for each authority type.

Briefly, IFTs and CFTs can be captured by all authorities. BRFAs can capture all six specific taxes listed herein, but the "5/50" tax share reserved for land bank authorities cannot be captured by a BRFA. Of the authorities governed by PA 57, only NIAs can capture the NEZ and CRT specific taxes, and only LDFAs can capture the OPRA. A matrix showing which authorities may capture which specific taxes is included with these instructions. It is important for municipal and county treasurers to transmit to authorities only tax revenues that meet the statutory definition of "tax increment revenues." So, for example, if there are OPRA and NEZ parcels located in a DDA, it would not be appropriate to forward any share of those specific taxes to the DDA because those taxes are not included in the definition of tax increment revenues for a DDA.

If you have additional questions concerning the calculation and distribution of specific taxes, you may contact Dave Finks at 517-335-4305 or Josh LaBrenz at 517-241-4338. If you have additional questions concerning whether an individual specific tax is included as tax increment revenue for a particular type of authority, contact Travis Bukovcik at 517-335-2532 or Jim Mills at 517-335-4669.

Thank you very much for your continued attention to these important matters.

Tax Increment Revenue Specific Taxes Allowable for Capture by PA 57 Authorities As of January 1, 2019

NOT PA 57

		DDA	TIFA	LDFA	NSRA	CIA	WRITIFA	NIA	BRFA	
	Former Public Act (now repealed)	197	450	281	35	280	94	61	381	
	Year	1975	1980	1986	1867	2005	2008	2007	1996	
2018 PA 57 MCL	Citation for "specific tax" definition	125.4201 (aa)	125.4301 (w)	125.4402 (hh)	125.4523 (9)(e)	125.4603 (e)	125.4703 (d)	125.4803 (e)	<u>125.2652</u>	
PA 189 of 1953	Lessees/Tax Exempt Property	X	Χ	X	X ¹	X	X	X	X	
PA 198 of 1974	IFT	X	X	X	X	Χ	Χ	X	X	
PA 255 of 1978	CFT	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
PA 385 of 1984	Tech Park	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
PA 224 of 1985	Enterprise Zone			X					X	
PA 147 of 1992	NEZ				X			X	X	
PA 146 of 2000	OPRA			X	X				X	
	Eligible Tax Reverted Property									
PA 260 of 2003	(Land Bank 5/50) Tax								X^2	
PA 210 of 2005	Commercial Rehabilitation				X			Х	X	

Blue highlighted cells--properties located in renaissance zones are exempt from these taxes to the degree listed in 1996 PA 376 at MCL 125.2689 (same extent as ad valorem taxes)

Yellow highlighted cells--properties located in renaissance zones are exempt from these taxes to the degree listed in the respective public acts (same as the others, just exempted in the individual acts instead of in the RenZone Act)

¹ MCL 125.4603 (e) also lists 1976 PA 430, but that PA is merely an amendment to 1953 PA 189

² Limited to amount not reserved for Land Bank Fast Track Authority (PA 258 of 2003)

2019 MMTA Fall Conference

People. Purpose. Passion. The Flights of Success

Mon., Oct. 14, 2019 – 11:15 am: Breakout – FDIC: Advantages and Risks



Kate Seaman, Vice President and Sr. Treasury Management Officer, Horizon Bank 269-982-1084; kseaman@horizonbank.com

Kate, Certified Treasury Professional, is a Vice President and Senior Treasury Management Officer with Horizon Bank. A graduate of Michigan State University, she's been in banking for over 20 years and has worked as a Municipal Banker for the last fourteen years. Kate supports Horizon's publicly funded clients in Southwest Michigan and North Central Indiana. She's an Associate Member of MMTA, MACT, MSBO and SWMSBO and also enjoys volunteering for several local community non-profit organizations. Kate lives in St. Joseph with her husband of nearly 23 years, Mark.



Aimee Kornowicz, Vice President Municipal Banking Relationship Manager, Chemical Bank 269-324-7096; aimee.kornowicz@chemicalbank.com

Aimee is currently the Vice President, Municipal Banking Relationship Manager, CPFIM in West Michigan for Chemical Bank. Aimee works with municipalities and school districts in the counties of Allegan, Barry, Calhoun, Eaton, Ingham, Jackson, Livingston, and Washtenaw counties. In December, Aimee will acquire the following additional counties, Berrien, Branch, Cass, Hillsdale, Kalamazoo, and St Joseph. Aimee has over 23 years of banking experience and has been with Chemical Bank four years. Aimee is an active associate member of MMTA,

MACT, MGFOA, MWIF, and MSBO. She currently resides in Portage, Michigan with her husband Dan and daughter Miranda.



Lisa Powell, Vice President, Relationship Manager, Flagstar Bank 616-285-2263; lisa.powell@flagstar.com

Lisa is responsible for delivering investment, checking, and treasury management services to the bank's public sector clients in West Michigan. Lisa has been in the banking industry for over 20 years. She began her banking career at First of American/National City Bank, and later worked for Macatawa Bank. She joined Flagstar Bank in 2010, focusing on commercial clients. She became a part of Flagstar's Government Banking team in 2013. She is a Certified Treasury Professional with the Association for Financial Professionals, and a Certified Public Funds Investment Manager with the Association of Public Treasurers of the United States and Canada. Additionally, Lisa has served on various boards and committees, most recently for the

Michigan Women in Finance and Holland's Hospital annual Culinary Cabaret fundraiser. Lisa's professional credentials include membership in the Michigan School Business Officials, Michigan Government Finance Officers Association, Michigan Municipal Treasurers Association, and Michigan Association of County Treasurers. She is also a member of various local municipal and school associations. She earned her bachelor's degree from Western Michigan University.

2019 MMTA Fall Conference

People. Purpose. Passion. The Flights of Success

Mon., Oct. 14, 2019 – 11:15 am: Breakout – FDIC: Advantages and Risks (continued)



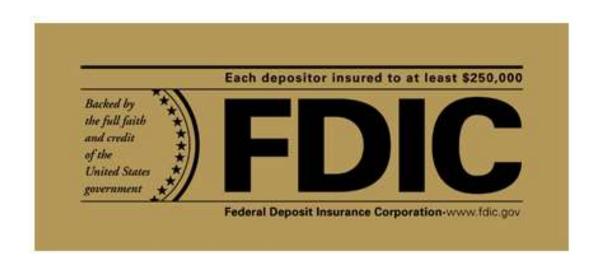
Greg Prost, Chief Investment Officer, Robinson Capital 313-821-7705; Gprost@robinsonfunds.com

Greg Prost is the Chief Investment Officer of the Traditional Fixed Income Group at Robinson Capital. Greg has over 30 years of experience investing in the bond market and oversees the core fixed income operation, including directing fixed income strategy and managing institutional portfolios.

Mr. Prost holds an MBA from Western Michigan University, as well as a BA in Economics from Kalamazoo College. Mr. Prost also is a CFA Charter holder and member of the CFA Society of Detroit.

Greg is a frequent speaker to Michigan Municipal organizations and is a member of the MMTA, MGFOA and the MACT. Greg is also the Investment Trainer for the national Treasurer's association (APT US&C) Certified Public Funds Investment Manager (CPFIM) certification program.

FDIC - Advantages and Risks: A Panel Discussion with Associate Members



Section 1

Frequently Asked Questions

Who is FDIC? From 1930 through 1933, more than 9,000 banks in the U.S. failed. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation was formed by President Franklin Roosevelt as part of the New Deal in 1933 to ensure a level of trust in the American Banking system. The initial coverage provided was \$2,500. Since the start of FDIC insurance on January 1, 1934, no depositor has lost a single cent of insured funds as a result of a failure.

Who does the FDIC insure? Any person or entity can have FDIC insurance on a deposit. A depositor does not have to be a citizen, or even a resident of the United States. FDIC insurance only protects depositors, although some depositors may also be creditors or shareholders of an insured bank.

What does FDIC deposit insurance cover? FDIC insurance covers deposits received at an insured bank. Types of deposit products include checking, NOW, and savings accounts, money market deposit accounts (MMDA), and time deposits such as certificates of deposit (CDs).

How can I get deposit insurance? Depositors do not need to apply for FDIC insurance. Coverage is automatic whenever a deposit account is opened at an FDIC-insured bank. If you want your funds insured by the FDIC, simply make sure you are placing your funds in a deposit account at an FDIC-insured bank and that your deposit does not exceed the insurance limit for that ownership category.

How do I find out if a bank is FDIC-insured? To determine if a bank is FDIC-insured, you can ask a bank representative, look for the FDIC sign at your bank, call the FDIC at 877-275-3342, or you can use the FDIC's BankFind tool. BankFind allows you to access detailed information about all FDIC-insured institutions, including branch locations, the bank's official website address, the current operating status of your bank, and the regulator to contact for additional information and assistance. An insured bank must display an official FDIC sign at each teller window.



How is the FDIC Funded? The FDIC is an independent agency of the Federal Government, and receives no Congressional appropriations - it is funded by premiums that banks and thrift institutions pay for deposit insurance coverage and from earnings on investments in U.S. Treasury securities.

As of December 31, 2018, the FDIC insured more than 580 million accounts with more than \$7.5 trillion in depositor funds at more than 5,415 institutions across the nation. During the second quarter of 2019, the Deposit Insurance Fund (DIF) balance increased to \$107.4 billion.

The FDIC is authorized to borrow for working capital from the Federal Financing Bank, a government entity under the supervision of the Secretary of the Treasury. The FDIC also has authority to borrow up to \$100 billion for insurance losses from the U.S. Treasury. The law requires the banking industry to repay any FDIC funds borrowed from the Treasury over a period of several years.

How does the FDIC determine premiums? The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Dodd-Frank), enacted in July 2010, revised the statutory authorities governing the FDIC's management of the Deposit Insurance Fund (the DIF or the fund).

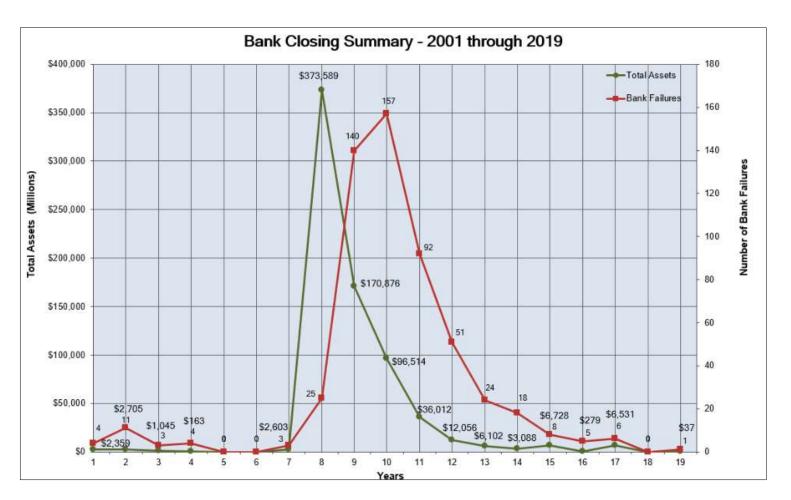
FDIC establishes total base assessment rates for established Small Intuitions and Large & Highly Complex Institutions ("established" indicates that the institution was insured for 5 or more years). An insured depository institution is placed into one of four risk categories each quarter, determined primarily by the institution's capital levels and supervisory evaluation.

What happens when a bank fails? Though unlikely, bank failures do occur and the FDIC responds in two capacities. First, as the insurer of the bank's deposits, the FDIC pays insurance to depositors up to the insurance limit. Historically, the FDIC pays insurance within a few days after a bank closing, usually the next business day, by either (1) providing each depositor with a new account at another insured bank in an amount equal to the insured balance of their account at the failed bank, or (2) by issuing a check to each depositor for the insured balance of their account at the failed bank.

Second, as the receiver of the failed bank, the FDIC assumes the task of selling/collecting the assets of the failed bank and settling its debts, including claims for deposits in excess of the insured limit. If a depositor has uninsured funds they receive the insured portion of their funds quickly, as described above. They may also, however, recover some portion of their uninsured funds (their remaining claim on the failed bank) from the proceeds from the sale of failed bank assets. It can take several years to sell off the assets of a failed bank. As assets are sold, however, depositors who had uninsured funds usually receive periodic payments (on a pro-rata "cents on the dollar" basis) on their remaining claim.

The FDIC markets troubled institutions to healthy insured depository institutions. The FDIC is statutorily required to resolve failed institutions using the least costly resolution option minimizing losses to the Deposit Insurance Fund. The FDIC's primary objective is to maintain financial system stability and public confidence. Returning assets to the private sector in an orderly manner at the best price is another key objective. The FDIC also tries to reduce the impact on the community.

Recapitalization before failure is the preferred method to resolve open troubled financial institutions. FDIC markets institutions in case a failing institution is not able to resolve its issues on its own. If an insured depository institution is unable to resolve its issues, the FDIC will implement its resolution process by which qualified bidders may seek to acquire the assets and assume the liabilities of the failing institution.



Summary by Year (Approximate asset dollar volume based on figures from the press releases)

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Bank Failures	4	11	3	4	0	0	3	25	140	157	92	51	24	18	8	5	8	0	1
Total Assets (Millions)	2,358.6	2,705.4	1045.2	163.1	0	0	2,602.5	373,588.78	170,867.0	96,514.0	36,012.2	12,055.8	6,101.7	3,088.4	6,727.5	278.8	6,530.7	0	36.7

The financial crisis of 2008–09 and ensuing recession resulted in a large number of depository institution failures and high losses to the DIF. The number of problem banks peaked in 2010 and has been declining since 2011. Similarly, the number of bank failures declined from a peak of 157 in 2010 to zero in 2018. This trend has allowed the FDIC to rebuild the DIF. As of December 31, 2018, the fund balance had risen to \$102.6 billion from a low of -\$20.9 billion at the end of 2009.

How am I notified when my bank has been closed? The FDIC notifies each depositor in writing using the depositor's address on record with the bank. This notification is mailed immediately after the bank closes.

When the failed bank is acquired by another bank; the assuming bank also notifies the depositors. This notification usually is mailed with the first bank statement after the assumption.

Every effort also is made to inform the public through the news media, town meetings, and notices posted at the bank.

Can I check to see if my accounts are fully covered? Yes, you can get detailed information about your specific deposit insurance coverage by accessing the FDIC's Electronic Deposit Insurance Estimator (EDIE) and entering information about your accounts. You can also call the FDIC at 1-877-ASK-FDIC (1-877-275-3342) and ask to speak to an FDIC deposit insurance specialist.

Section 2

Advantages & Disadvantages



Deposit Insurance for Accounts Held by Government Depositors

Section 330.15 of the FDIC's regulations (12 C.F.R. 330.15) governs the insurance coverage of public unit accounts. For deposit insurance purposes, the term "public unit" includes a state, county, municipality, or any "political subdivision" of the public unit. Under section 330.15, the "official custodian" of the funds belonging to the public unit - rather than the public unit itself - is insured as the depositor.

Permanent Rule

The insurance coverage of public unit accounts depends upon the type of deposit and the location of the insured depository institution. All time and savings deposits owned by a public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian in an insured depository institution within the State in which the public unit is located are added together and insured up to \$250,000. Separately, all demand deposits owned by a public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian in an insured depository institution within the State in which the public unit is located are added together and insured up to \$250,000. For the purpose of these rules, the term 'time and savings deposits' includes NCW accounts and money market deposit accounts but does not include interest-bearing demand deposits includes the savings deposits accounts (which were permitted after July 21, 2011). The term 'demand deposits' means both interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits that are payable on demand and for which the depository institution does not reserve the right to require advance notice of an intended withdrawal. The insurance coverage of accounts held by government depositors is different if the depository institution is located outside the State in which the public unit is located. In that case, all deposits, both time and savings deposits and demand deposits, owned by the public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian are added together and insured up to \$250,000. Time and savings deposits are not insured separately from demand deposits.

As mentioned above, a political subdivision (through its official custodian) is entitled to its own insurance coverage. The term "political subdivision" is defined to include drainage, irrigation, navigation, improvement, levee, sanitary, school or power districts, and bridge or port authorities and other special districts created by state statute or compacts between the states. The term "political subdivision" also includes any subdivision or principal department of a public unit (state, county, or municipality) if the subdivision or department meets the following tests:

- . The creation of the subdivision or department has been expressly authorized by the law of such public unit.
- Some functions of government have been delegated to the subdivision or department by such law; and
- . The subdivision or department is empowered to exercise exclusive control over funds for its exclusive use.

The term "political subdivision" does not include subordinated or non-autonomous divisions, agencies, or boards within subdivisions or principal departments.

Again, a public unit (including a political subdivision) is insured through its official custodian. If the same individual is an official custodian for more than one public unit, he or she is separately insured for the deposits belonging to each public unit. On the other hand, two or more individuals are treated as one official custodian if action or consent by all of these individuals is required for the exercise of control over the funds of a single public unit.

An official custodian is an officer, employee, or agent of a public unit having official custody of public funds and lawfully depositing the funds in an insured institution. In order to qualify as an official custodian, a person must have plenery authority - including control - over the funds. Control of public funds includes possession as well as the authority to establish accounts in insured depository institutions and to make deposits, withdrawals and disbursements.

Deposit insurance coverage cannot be increased by dividing funds among several putative official custodians who lack plenary authority over such funds. Likewise, coverage cannot be increased by dividing funds among several accounts controlled by the same official custodian for the same public unit.

Collateralization of Public Unit Deposits

Depending on applicable state or federal law, public unit deposits may be secured by collateral or assets of the

Advantages to FDIC

- Funds are 100% covered in the event of a bank collapse
- Muni's are covered up to \$500,000 = 1 checking account at \$250,000, and 1 savings account up to \$250,000
- Sense of security knowing you are protected.

Disadvantages to FDIC

- As a Muni, you do not have many options to structure the accounts to guarantee coverage over and above the \$500,000 limit
- If a bank does collapse, funds may not be accessible to you for several months
- Limits the number of investment options available to you if FDIC Coverage is required by your board or Charter

Section 3

Securing Deposits

What options are available?

- Collateralized
- FDIC Insured Reciprocal Term
- FDIC Insured Reciprocal Liquid











Who uses these tools?

- Government Entities
- School Districts
- Non-profits
- Businesses
- Financial Advisors
- Credit Unions
- Individuals

Where can you gain access to these tools?

- Financial Institutions
- Investment Firms/Money Managers
- Third Party Suppliers





When should these tools be considered?

- Added Safety
- Economic triggers
- Investment policy requirements



How does it work?

- Collateral
- FDIC Insured Term
- FDIC Insured Liquid

Securing Deposits

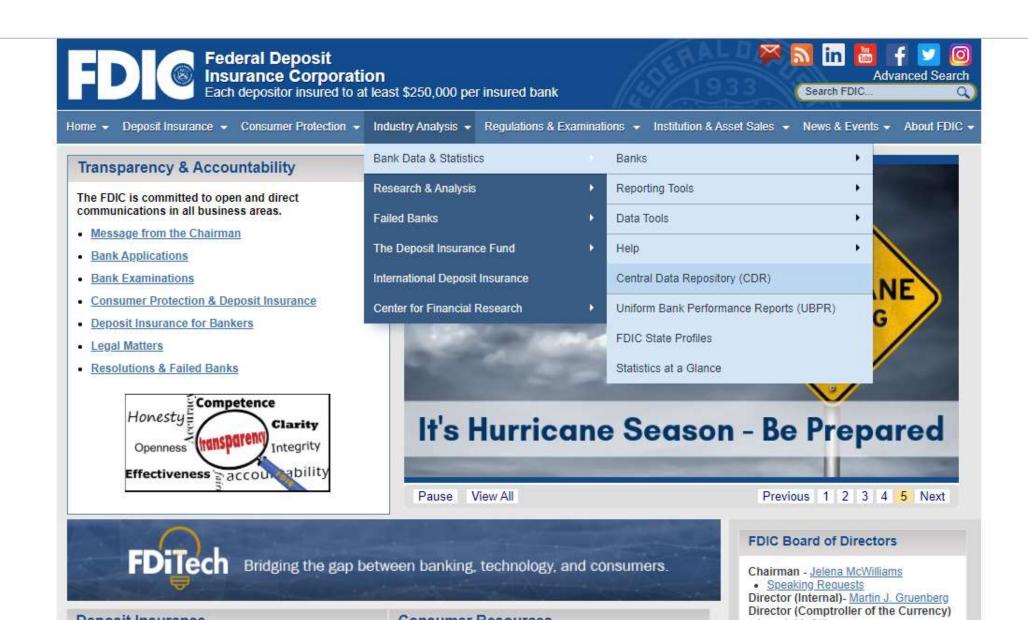
Why consider these options?

- Expand FDIC coverage
- Fewer "uninsured" items on annual audit
- Account consolidation (One source/One Rate/One Statement)
- PA20 / reciprocal
- Ease of investing



Section 4

Using the Website to Find Bank Data







Menu → What's New FAQs UBPR User's Guide Legal Notice Accessibility Notes Help

You are at the FFIEC Central Data Repository's Public Data Distribution web site. Through this site you can obtain Reports of Condition The information available on this site is updated to reflect the most recent data for both prior and current periods. The earliest data prior the condition of the condition of

Call Reports are available for individual institutions in Portable Document Format (PDF), Semicolon Delimited Format (SDF), or exter format or extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL) format.

UBPRs, which are based on Call Report data, are also available online. You can view any of the eight UBPR reports and export the d in XBRL enabled tools.

The "What's New" link at the top will give you an update on the products that have been added.

Thrift Financial Report data, filed by thrift institutions through December 31, 2011, is maintained by the Office of the Comptroller of the provided by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency here.

For more information about the data available on this site, click here.

View or download data for individual institutions



Download bulk data



Download taxonomies



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Bulk Data Download

Download Download Taxonomy Cancel

This page enables you to download bulk data in either Excel compatible or XBRL format. Please note that certain products are only available in a single format.

To download a file --

- 1. Select the desired product from the list.
- 2. Select the reporting period end date or calendar year.
- 3. Select a file format (if applicable).

Available Products

Note: These products are for All Commercial Banks.

Call Updated: 9/14/2019 UBPR Updated: 9/16/2019

Call Reports -- Single Period
Call Reports -- Balance Sheet, Income Statement, Past Due -- Four Periods
UBPR Ratio -- Single Period
UBPR Ratio -- Four Periods
UBPR Rank -- Four Periods
UBPR Stats -- Four Periods
UBPR Stats -- Four Periods

Reporting Period End Date
or Year (Four Periods in a Calendar Year)

Available File Formats

- Tab Delimited
- eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL)

Note that the XBRL download option has received only limited instance validation testing.

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Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
FFIEC CDR Call Bulk POR	11/29/2012 3:22 PM	Microsoft Excel W	837 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule ENT	11/7/2012 10:55 AM	Microsoft Excel W	472 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RC	5/28/2019 6:00 PM	Microsoft Excel W	42,624 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCA	5/28/2019 3:22 PM	Microsoft Excel W	5,904 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCB (1 of 2)	5/28/2019 3:28 PM	Microsoft Excel W	52,026 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCB (2 of 2)	5/28/2019 3:25 PM	Microsoft Excel W	39,048 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCCI	5/28/2019 3:41 PM	Microsoft Excel W	69,830 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCCII	5/28/2019 3:20 PM	Microsoft Excel W	21,251 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCD	5/28/2019 3:39 PM	Microsoft Excel W	4,950 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCE	5/28/2019 3:38 PM	Microsoft Excel W	44,559 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCEI	5/28/2019 3:36 PM	Microsoft Excel W	44,559 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCEII	5/28/2019 3:35 PM	Microsoft Excel W	2,112 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCF	5/28/2019 3:42 PM	Microsoft Excel W	18,122 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCK	5/28/2019 3:34 PM	Microsoft Excel W	25,106 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCM	5/28/2019 3:32 PM	Microsoft Excel W	42,559 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCN (1 of 2)	5/28/2019 3:44 PM	Microsoft Excel W	59,775 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCN (2 of 2)	5/28/2019 3:43 PM	Microsoft Excel W	52,092 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCR (1 of 2)	5/28/2019 3:53 PM	Microsoft Excel W	45,763 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RCR (2 of 2)	5/20/2015 1:16 PM	Microsoft Excel W	50,231 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RI	5/28/2019 3:16 PM	Microsoft Excel W	66,334 KB
FFIEC CDR Call Schedule RIBI	5/28/2019 3:31 PM	Microsoft Excel W	30,808 KB

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A	AP	AQ	AR	AS	AT	AU	AV	L E
1	RCON1754	RCON1773	RCON2143	RCON2145	RCON2150		RCON2170	RCO
2	HELD-TO-MATURITY SECURITIES	AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	PREMISES&FIXED ASSETS(INCL CAP LSES)	OTHER REAL ESTATE OWNED	OTHER ASSETS	TOTAL ASSETS	TOT
3	0	42861	0	278	74			
4	0	13511	0	259	8	421	43056	j
5	39313	13975	957	6303	24	8008	251705	j
6	499		0	56	0	154	9703	3
7	42		0	308	31	1413	50913	3
8	0	71992	1655	10180	0	14347	531968	3
9	18	23807	0	4171	980			3
10	42510			4639	275	1874	159344	4
11	0	387442	0	3763	0	13753	809986	i
12	38583	63341	0	3416	59	14159	283358	3
13	0	30312	98		0	2795		
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16	348767			13143	636	187259	4089332	2
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18	0	66302	1112	3293	145	4274	600844	4
19	0	8195	0	244	0	3318	62074	4
20	0	80474	0	580	81	4729		
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22	36	76000	0	3643	972	10743	271637	'
23	0	60525	10887	7924	439	28747	786287	<i>'</i>
24	0	38443	1783	6330	23		227912	2
25	0	42473	0	859	938	1006	114716	j
26	0	26903	0	42011	4215	6273	476271	
27	0	54689	1042	5615	269	16589	487649	

4 Main Areas to Consider:

- 1. Asset Quality
- 2. Capital
- 3. Liquidity
- 4. Profitability

Other Considerations:

- 1. Size
- 2. Level of Commercial vs. Mortgage Loans
- 3. Demographics

One More Consideration . . .



"I'm sure you recall the penalty for early withdrawal."

Sample Ratios to Consider:

1. Asset Quality

Non-Performing Loans (RCN)

Reserves (RC) / Non-Performing Loans (RCN)

2. Capital

Tier-1 Risk-Based Capital Ratio (RCR 1 of 2)

3. Liquidity

Current Liquid Assets (RC)/Liabilities (RC)

4. Profitability

Net Interest Income (RI)/Interest Expenses (RC)

Asset Qual	ity	
NonPerformi	ng Lns	Chg vs. 1Q 2019
Bank	0.8%	▲ 0.2%
US (median)	0.8%	▼ 0.0%
Reserves to	NPLs	
Bank	89%	▼ 52.0%
US (median)	155%	▲ 5.8%

Capital		
Tier-1 Risk-	Based	Chg vs. 1Q 2019
Bank	11.2%	▼ 1.2%
US (median)	15.4%	▼ 0.0%
Total Risk-E	Based	
Bank	12.0%	▼ 1.4%
US (median)	16.5%	▲ 0.0%

Liquidity		
		Chg vs.
Liquidity Ra	1Q 2019	
Bank	13.7%	▼ 4.7%
US (median)	26.2%	▼ 0.6%
Core Depos	sits/Depo	sits
Bank	89.8%	▼ 0.5%
US (median)	79.2%	▲ 0.0%

Profitability	(
		Chg vs.
Return on A	1Q 2019	
Bank	2.2%	▲ 0.5%
US (median)	2.2%	▲ 1.3%
Net Interest	Margin (I	NIM)
Bank	6.5%	▲ 3.3%
US (median)	7.7%	▲ 3.7%









2019 MMTA Fall Conference

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Mon., Oct. 14, 2019, 2:00 pm: Legislative Update



Chris Hackbarth, Director of State and Federal Affairs, Michigan Municipal League 517-908-0304; chackbarth@mml.org

Chris Hackbarth assumed his current role as director of state and federal affairs for the League in January 2015 following his earlier role as a legislative associate from 2009 to 2011. Chris has worked on policy issues related to taxation and finance, appropriations, transportation, local government policy, elections and municipal labor legislation. Over the course of his 20-plus year career in and around state government, Chris has spent time working for leadership in both the Michigan House and Michigan Senate, for the Michigan Secretary of State and the Michigan Attorney General's Office, as well as lobbying for Midwest Strategy Group. Chris has B.A. in International Relations from Michigan State

University's James Madison College and lives with his family in the Lansing area.



Judy Allen, Legislative Affairs Director, Michigan Township Association 517-321-6467; judy@michigantownships.org

Judy oversees MTA's legislative efforts to advocate for or fight against legislation impacting township government. Before joining MTA, Judy spent four years as director of government and community services of Oakland Schools, where she advocated for the needs of public schools with policymakers in Lansing and Washington, D.C. Prior to that, Judy served as chief of staff for Senate Majority Leader Dan DeGrow. She was later appointed by then Governor John Engler to serve as chairperson of the Michigan State Liquor Control Commission.

LEGISLATIVE UPDATE

MMTA Fall Conference October 14, 2019





100th Session to Date

- Public Acts
- No Fault
- Asset Forfeiture
- Budget / Road Funding proposed
- Member changes



- Precedent setting process
- Line item vetoes
- State Administrative Board



- Road Funding
 - •2015 Reform full funding implementation
 - Additional General Fund allocation
 - Veto
 - SAB transfer



- Revenue Sharing
 - Constitutional
 - •CVT
 - Boilerplate
- Assessor Training



- Firefighter Training grants
- Fire Protection grants
- Ag Preservation grants
- Drinking Water Protection / Innovation



- Secondary Road Patrol
- Local Law Enforcement grants
- Private Well testing



Road Funding / Reform Outlook

- Governor vs Legislature
- Plans / Ideas
 - Sales Tax Shift
 - MPSERS bond liability
 - New revenue / distribution
 - Local Options
 - Bridge & transit



Road Reform

- Local Options
 - •HBs 4963-4973
- Efficiency Measures
 - •SBs 515-524
- •Sand & Gravel Mining SB 431



Personal Property Tax

- •Alternate Energy SB 47, HBs 4069 & 4465
- •Broadband SB 163 & HB 4268
- •LCSA HBs 4926-4930
- •Small Taxpayer HBs 4214-4215



Personal Property Tax

- Heavy Rental equipment
- Solar Array equipment



Property Tax

- Disabled Veterans
 - •HB 4861
 - State Policy / State Pay
- •Tax collection options HB 4209



Property Tax

- Poverty Exemption HB 4828
- Tax Foreclosure
- Dark Stores Update
- Nonprofit Tax Exemptions



Economic Development

- Historic Tax credit
- Good Jobs extension
- Commercial Rehabilitation & Commercial Development extension



Infrastructure

- •PFAS / firefighting foam HBs 4389-4391
- PFAS proposed rules
- Lead and Copper
- Storm water utilities
- Basement backups



OPEB / Pension

- Uniform Assumptions
- •County Road Commissions HBs 4447 & 4448
 - Local Unit Recovery Status Fund
- •PA 202
 - Changes
 - Timeline



Pending Issues

- Emergency Manager reform
- •Recreational Marijuana Nov. 1
- Census
- Reapportionment



Court Decisions

- Headlee Decision
- Homebuilders v City of Troy



Federal

- Budget
- Transportation
- FCC Order
- Advance Prefunding







2019 MMTA Fall Conference

People. Purpose. Passion. The Flights of Success

Mon., Oct. 14, 2019, 3:15 pm: Breakout - Cost Recovery: How to Get Reimbursed for Services



Susan Daugherty, CPFA, MiCPT - Treasurer, MMTA; Treasurer, Green Oak Charter Township 810-231-1333; susan.daugherty@greenoaktwp.com

Susan was elected Treasurer for Green Oak Charter Township in 2004. Prior to being elected, she started her own accounting and tax firm in 1991. She was elected and served on the Livingston County Treasurer's Association Board from 2009 to 2012, serving in all positions including Chair for two years. She has served on the Whitmore Lake Chamber Board since 2009 and serves on Advantage Livingston Placemaking Committee, regional economic development, communications, technology, personnel, and sewer committees for her township. She also serves as the utility administrator for the township.

Susan received her Bachelor Degree in Business Administration in 1981 from John Carroll University. Susan joined the MMTA in 2005 and earned her CPFA and MiCPT in 2009, and her CPFIM in 2012. Susan has served on MMTA's Legislative, Fall Conference, and Education Committees for several years. She believes the education and networking opportunities the MMTA provides brings quality service back to the communities we live in.

Susan has been married to Kevin for 35 years and has two sons, one grandchild, and two dogs. She enjoys spending time with her family, golfing, bowling with friends, biking and camping.

Things you want to know about Cost Recovery

- Police and Fire Cost Recovery
- Ordinance Violations and Cost Recovery
- How does the County play a roll

Key Elements of a Cost Recovery Ordinance

- 1. <u>Define the purpose</u> To protect the Fire and Police Departments from extraordinary expenses resulting from utilizing their resources, and to recover actual costs incurred by the emergency response teams.
- 2. <u>Define what will be billed</u> what is considered assessable costs, special events, bomb threats, emergency assistance, excessive requests for emergency assistance, false alarms, hazardous material incidents, Illegal fires, motor vehicle incidents, structure demolitions, response to utility line failures, health care costs while incarcerated (a statement should be included that indicates the governmental unit will not cover these cost under any circumstances)
- 3. <u>Define who will be billed</u> (The person who caused the condition (except a township resident unless the act is deliberate, criminal, or negligent), property owners, lease owners such as vehicle owners, utility, electric and gas companies, insurance companies)
- 4. <u>Define Billable Remedies</u> Civil Citations, Liens, anything that is allowable by law

Fire Department Cost Recovery Fees

FIRE DEPARTMENT COST RECOV	<u>/ERY</u>					
EQUIPMENT/VEHICLE TYPE	NUMBER OF PERSONNEL INCLUDED	TOTAL PER HOUR COST	SUBSEQUENT HOURS			
RESCUE	2	\$160.00	\$145.00			
HEAVY RESCUE	3	\$170.00	\$155.00			
ENGINE	3	\$365.00	\$285.00			
LADDER	3	\$475.00	\$375.00			
UTILITY/SPECIAL PURPOSE	2	\$95.00	\$75.00			
FIRE INVESTIGATION UNIT	1	\$100.00	\$100.00			
STAFF	1	\$75.00	\$55.00			
IF ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL ARE NEEDE	D THE PERSONNEL COST WILL	BE ASSESSED AT:				
TYPE	COST PER HOUR					
FIREFIGHTER	PAY PLAN PLUS 50%					
INSPECTOR	PAY PLAN PLUS 50%					
STAFF OFFICER	PAY PLAN PLUS 50%					
SECRETARIAL STAFF	PAY PLAN PLUS 50%					
ANY TOTAL INVOICE TOTALING LESS THAN \$100.00 SHALL NOT BE CHARGED						
RECORDS/REPORTS						
\$5.00 PER REPORT						

LOCAL ISSUE

Many commercial properties have continued to reduce their SEV and TV through the Michigan Tax Tribunal whether it is through Dark Store challenges or valuations based on nation-wide average assessments. Typically, these very commercial operations have an excessive amount of theft calls that Police and/or Fire need to respond to. Many communities are looking at loss prevention vs. percent benefit and solutions.

FRUITPORT CHARTER TOWNSHIP'S PROBLEM IS A PROBLEM FOR OTHERS

Fruitport Charter Township recently met to try to produce solutions to this issue. The Fruitport Charter Township police are responding to an inordinate number of theft calls each week, which is tying up staff time as well as the township's financial resources. Depending on the severity of the call, it takes one officer approximately one hour of response time to handle a call. Ultimately, theft response equates to one officer all day all year-long doing nothing but retail theft. This has a crushing blow to the Fruitport Charter Township budget.

IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS

- There is a disparity in the amount of calls for businesses
- When units are backed up with theft calls, all other calls go the local county sheriffs and State Police. The response time is slower for residents and they are not serving the needs of the local community. This is happening to communities across the State.

POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS

- Bill out theft calls over a specific amount per year or per month as we do with false alarms
- Create a special assessment district
- Hire a reserve officer to specifically work on theft issues and possibly coordinate with other surrounding communities to share resources.
- Work with State Representatives, the Michigan Townships Association, etc to help resolve these issues

PROS AND CONS OF EMERGENCY SERVICES COST RECOVERY

PROS

- In a time where are budgets are tight, having the ability to get financial recovery for extraordinary items not anticipated in budgeting is a significant help.
- Cost recovery helps more if you are a City or Village. Townships rely more heavily on Public Safety Mileages or pay Sheriff or State resources to help.
- If extraordinary circumstances are defined, insurance companies will pay out on a claim.

CONS

- A Township can rely on a Millage funds or their General Fund dollars to support Fire and Police and cost recovery can create negative perceptions for Emergency Services.
- On regular vehicle accident claims, the insurance company will fight covering the claim. Always remember, they are bigger and have more financial ability to fight the claim.
- Often, collection agencies are needed to help collect the money when you are billing the person who caused the accident
- It is often difficult to recoup fees when going to court
- Often, the cost of collecting is more than what you can collect.
- If you are trying to collect on excessive Commercial/Retail runs for theft, you may discourage the retailer from calling the Police when they should.
- Even if you do not bill residents, you never know if the person is a relative or visiting the area. It leaves a negative impression on your local public services.

Collect when it makes sense to do so. Use all legal means to collect what you can.

False Alarm Billings - Recommend having a standard letter and an Emergency Contact Information Form for residents or Businesses that have alarm systems. Example:

	■ BUSINESS	☐ NEW INFORMAT	FION
	RESIDENCE	☐ CHANGE TO EXI	STING INFORMATION
INFORMATION IN THIS SECTION IS FOR THE ALARMED ADDRESS	STREET ADDRESS:		
INFORMATION IN THIS SECTION IS FOR THE MAILING ADDRESS, IF DIFFERENT FROM THE ALARMED ADDRESS ABOVE	STREET ADDRESS: CITY & ZIP CODE:		
IF ALARM IS FOR BUSINESS HOUR	A BUSINESS, TYPE OF BU	JSINESS:	
MERGENCY CONTACTS	#1: #2:		TELEPHONE #:
ALARM COMPANY INFORMATION	CITY & ZIP CODE:		SE #:
PE, LOCATION & METHOD OF	ACCESS TO ALARM:		
	9	WE ENCOURAGE THEM TO	BE SECURED AND PROTECTED. FREE GUN
WEAPONS ARE KEPT ON THE ICKS ARE AVAILABLE AT THE I PECIAL INFORMATION:			
PECIAL INFORMATION:	POLICE DEPARTMENT.		BE FOUND ONLINE AT <u>www.greenoa</u> ktwp.c

When can you bill? Set the frequency requirements:

Any person utilizing an alarm system which causes false alarms that occur more frequently than three times in a calendar month, commencing anew on the first of every month, or four times in a calendar year, commencing anew on January 1 of each calendar year, shall be subject to the following fees:

Informational Letter to the Resident/Business



Green Oak Charter Township Police Department

9400 Whitmore Lake Road - Brighton, Michigan 48136 Non-Emergency Business: (810) 231-9628 FAX: (810) 231-9627 Emergency: 911

SPECIAL NOTE FOR PROPERTY OWNERS WITH ALARM SYSTEMS

Current Date

Current Resident Address City, State Zipcode

To Whom It May Concern:

It has come to our attention that you have a home/business alarm system. Enclosed you will find the Green Oak Charter Township Police Department Emergency Contact Registration Form. Police alarm systems, such as burglary, robbery etcetera must be registered with the Green Oak Charter Township Police Department.

Please complete this form and return it to the Green Oak Charter Township Police Department as soon as possible, so that in the event of an emergency, our department will have the correct information for your location on hand. This form must be completed in compliance with Ordinance 01-2006, Article VI. Finance, Division 2, Emergency Service Cost Recovery. If the contact information is not received by this office, you may be putting yourself at risk of being charged double the normal amount for excessive alarms for the above mailing address. You may obtain a copy of Ordinance 01-2006, Article VI. Finance, Division 2, Emergency Service Cost Recovery at the Green Oak Charter Township Hall, located at 10001 Silver Lake Road, Brighton, Michigan.

This notice is sent on behalf of Green Oak Charter Township Police Department. If you have information that has not been requested, but feel it is necessary for us to know, please feel free to attach it to the form.

Sincerely,

Jason C. Pless

Chief of Police

Second Request to the Resident/Business



Green Oak Charter Township Police Department

9400 Whitmore Lake Road - Brighton, Michigan 48116 Non-Emergency Business: (810) 231-8626 FAX (810) 231-9627 Emergency: 911

SPECIAL NOTE FOR PROPERTY OWNERS WITH ALARM SYSTEMS SECOND REQUEST

Current Date

Current Resident Address City, State Zipcode

To Whom It May Concern:

Enclosed you will find the Green Oak Charter Township Police Department Emergency Contact Registration Form. Police alarm systems, such as burglary, robbery etcetera must be registered with the Green Oak Charter Township Police Department.

Please complete this form and return it to the Green Oak Charter Township Police Department as soon as possible, so that in the event of an emergency situation, our department will have the correct information for your location on hand. This form must be completed in compliance with Ordinance 01-2006, Article VI. Finance, Division 2, Emergency Service Cost Recovery. If the contact information is not received by this office, you may be putting yourself at risk of being charged double the normal amount for excessive alarms for the above mailing address. You may obtain a copy of Ordinance 01-2006, Article VI. Finance, Division 2, Emergency Service Cost Recovery at the Green Dak Charter Township Hall, located at 10001 Silver Lake Road, Brighton, Michigan.

This notice is sent on behalf of Green Oak Charter Township Police Department.

If you have information that has not been requested, but feel it is necessary for us to know, please feel free to attach it to the form.

Sincerely,

Jason C. Pless

Chief of Police

Third notice indicating the resident/business exceeded allowable alarm call outs



Green Oak Charter Township

Police Department
9400 Whitmore Lake Road - Brighton, Michigan 48116

Non-Emergency Business: (810) 231-9626 FAX: (810) 231-9627 Emergency: 911

Current Date

Current Resident Address City, State Zipcode

To Whom It May Concern:

This letter is to Inform you that the alarm system for your home/business has recorded false alarms with Green Oak Charter Township Police Department. To date, your system has reached or exceeded the allowable number of false alarms in a year pursuant to Green Oak Charter Township Emergency Service Cost Recovery Ordinance 01-2006. Ordinance 01-2006, Article VI. Finance, Division 2, Emergency Service Cost Recovery, authorizes assessable costs for excessive false alarms, and as such, you are now subject to being charged.

Copies of Ordinance 01-2006, Article VI. Finance, Division 2, Emergency Service Cost Recovery, may be obtained from the Green Oak Charter Township Clerk's office, 10001 Silver Lake Road, Brighton, Michigan 48115, 810-231-1333. No further notification letters will be sent.

Sincerely,

Jason C. Pless

Chief of Police

Billing Worksheet

GREEN OAK CHARTER TOWNSHIP FALSE ALARM COST RECOVERY WORK SHEET

DATE:	APRIL	- 9.	20	10
DATE	LA DOT	a feet	100	73

BUSINESS

RESIDENCE

NAME & ADDRESS:

CULVERS ATTN: OWNER/MANAGER 6830 WHITMORE LAKE ROAD BRIGHTON, MI 48116

ALARM INFORMATION:

DATE	INCIDENT #
01,19,19	19-00075
01.31.19	19-00161
02,01,19	19-00162
03,12,19	19-00390
03.16.19	19-00400
03.27.19	19-00459
03.29,19	19-00474
5-000000	

ASSESSABLE CHARGE:

\$100.00 First false alarm beyond monthly/yearly allowance \$200.00 Second false alarm beyond monthly/yearly allowance

\$200,00 Third false alarm beyond monthly/yearly allowance

\$300,00 Fourth false alarm beyond monthly/yearly allowance

\$500,00 Fifth false alarm beyond monthly/yearly allowance

NOTES/COMMENTS: SEE ABOVE LISTED DATES FOR CURRENT CHARGE

YOUR ALARM IS NOW REGISTER WITH THE GREEN OAK POLICE DEPARTMENT.

ACCESSABLE CHARGES HAVE NOW BEEN REDUCED.





Keeping track of your billings BS&A Building Module Excel QuickBooks or Other Invoicing Software

Green Oak Charter Township

10001 Silver Lake Road Brighton, MI 48116 (810) 231-1333 (810) 231-5090 Involos For Enforcement: #18-0032

Print Date: 04/02/2019



UPH BRIGHTON PROPERTY LLC 49169 ALPHA DR WIXON NI 48393

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1,000		Falor .	Alarm 4.	3-29-19 Incldent	*19-00474		00.000		900.00
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Civil Infractions

<u>Blight/Debris</u>: Storing an accumulation of trash, rubbish, junk, junk vehicles or abandoned vehicles on private property. A violation notice is given and if there is no compliance, a civil infraction ticket is given.

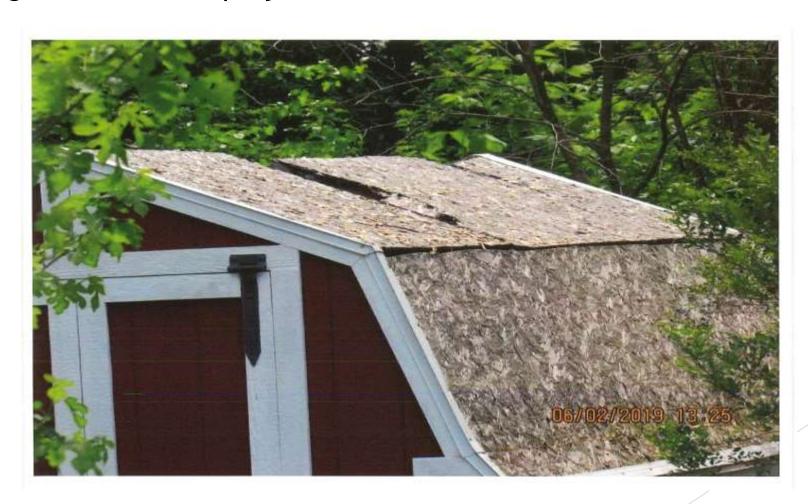




Weed Growth: Any person owning or occupying any subdivision, platted or commercial lot less than 1 acre shall not have noxious weeds, grass or rank vegetation to a height greater than six inches on average. Anything over 1 acre cannot have week growth 50 feet from the edge of the street.



<u>Dangerous Building</u>: It is unlawful for any owner or his agent to keep or maintain any building, or part thereof, which is a dangerous building. It is recommended that you use a building official, dangerous building officer, and legal counsel to work together on these projects.



Parking and Storage of Commercial and Recreational Vehicles: Open storage or outdoor parking of commercial vehicles or equipment in residentially-zoned areas are prohibited. Recreational vehicle storage must be outside of a public road right-of-way or private easement and prohibited within the required front yard setback





Fees: A violation notice is given (no fee) and if there is no compliance, a civil infraction ticket is given. The following is a sample fee structure. A hourly rate can be billed based on the FOIA rate for the employee contractor doing the job.

Sample Fee Schedule:

Tickets: 1st \$75.00 + \$10.00 (administrative fee)=\$85.00

2nd \$150.00 + \$10.00 (administrative fee)=\$160.00

3rd \$300.00 + \$10.00 (administrative fee)=\$310.00

Mowing Invoice: \$75.00

Blight Removal: \$200.00

Late Fees: \$20.00 per ticket

Authority to Collect

A **judgment lien** is a lien on property to satisfy a judgment in favor of the lien holder. A court order or judgment for monetary amounts, such as fines or costs resulting from a municipal civil infraction ticket, is an example of a judgment lien.

Revised Judicature Act of 1961 (RJA), PA 236 of 1961

If a defendant does not pay a municipal civil infraction fine, costs, or assessment ordered by a court for a violation involving the use or occupation of land or a building or other structure, the township may obtain a judgment lien against the land, building, or structure involved in the violation by recording a copy of the court order requiring payment of the fines, costs, and assessment with the register of deeds for the county in which the land, building, or structure is located. The lien is effective immediately upon recording.

The lien may be enforced and discharged by a township in the manner prescribed by the General Property Tax Act or by an ordinance adopted by the township board. But property is not subject to sale for nonpayment of a municipal civil infraction fine, costs, or assessment. (MCLs 600.8727 and 600.8731)

Authority to Collect

A **construction lien:** Administered when a contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or laborer who provides an improvement to real property has a construction lien that subjects the property to foreclosure

The connection to townships is that collection of costs of a court-ordered cleanup of a fire hazard under the **Fire Prevention Code** is enforced in the same manner as construction liens (MCL 29.16), and noxious weed liens (see below) may be enforced as a construction lien.

Construction Lien Act, PA 497 of 1980, MCL 570.1101

Michigan Housing Law, PA 167 of 1917: Where a township is enforcing an order to demolish or maintain a dangerous building, and the owner fails to pay the cost within 30 days after the assessor mails the notice of the amount of the cost, the township has a lien for the cost. The lien shall be collected in the same manner as property tax liens under the General Property Tax Act. In addition, if a township obtains a judgment against a property owner for the cost of demolition or maintenance of a dangerous building, the township has a lien on the property for the amount of the judgment once the lien is filed or recorded as required by law. (MCL 125.541)

Authority to Collect

A <u>statutory lien</u> is a lien created by state law. Property tax liens and special assessment liens are examples of statutory liens.

The following are several statutes that authorize townships to add unpaid costs, bills or assessments to the property tax bill as a **statutory lien** and collect them according to the General Property Tax Act or, in some cases, by another method specified by township ordinance.

It is important to note that once this type of lien is added to the tax bill, it is subject to the shortened time frame for foreclosure procedures now applied to real property taxes under PA 123 of 1999 (MCLs 211.78 to 211.78o)

The General Property Tax Act, PA 206 of 1893: The Act imposes a tax lien on real and personal property. Real property liens are subject to foreclosure (MCL 211.60) and personal property is subject to seizure (MCL 211.47).

Public Improvements Act, PA 188 of 1954: A special assessment installment that is unpaid as of September 1 is delinquent and is reassessed on the general property tax roll (MCLs 41.727, 41.729 and 41.730). If a delinquent special assessment is not paid, the property is subject to foreclosure under the General Property Tax Act. PA 188 includes a wide variety of public improvements, such as roads, water and sewer systems, garbage collection, street lighting, sidewalks, aquatic weed control, sound control walls, and public parks (MCL 41.722).

Municipal Water Liens Act, PA 178 of 1939: Delinquent municipal water and sewer bills impose a lien on the property served. A township that operates a water or sewer system may also go to court or disconnect service, but that does not prevent it from enforcing the lien for up to five years after it becomes effective upon the distribution of the water or provision or the sewer system service. (MCL 123.161, et seq.)

Noxious Weeds Act, PA 359 of 1941

A township with a population of 5,000 or more may provide by ordinance that if the owner, agent or occupant of land in a subdivision where buildings have been erected on 60 percent of the lots, or an owner, agent or occupant of a lot along an improved street in common usage fails to destroy noxious weeds after 10 days' notice, the township may enter the lot and destroy noxious weeds by cutting. Expenses incurred in destroying the weeds must be paid by the owner of the lot, and the township has a lien on the lot for its expenses. The lien is enforced as a tax lien. (MCL 247.64)

Authority to Collect (#1)



The General Property Tax Act, PA 206 of 1893

The Act imposes a **tax lien** on real and personal property. Real property liens are subject to foreclosure (MCL 211.60) and personal property is subject to seizure (MCL 211.47)

The entire act can be found at the URL below or by searching "General Property Tax Act, PA206 or 1983

http://www.legislature.mi.gov/(S(eb4jzywienmld3qduk3dop0e))/mileg.aspx?page=GetObject&object name=mcl-act-206-of-1893

Authority to Collect (#2)



Revenue Bond Act of 1933, PA 94 of 1933

Charges for services furnished to a premises may be a lien on the premises. Charges delinquent for 6 months or more may be certified annually to the proper tax assessing officer or agency who must enter the lien on the next tax roll against the premises. The charges must be collected and the lien enforced in the same manner as provided for the collection of taxes and the enforcement of the lien for taxes. The time and manner of certification and other details in respect to the collection of the charges and the enforcement of the lien must be specified in an ordinance adopted by the township board. (MCL 141.121)

Entire Act:

http://www.legislature.mi.gov/documents/mcl/pdf/mcl-act-94-of-1933.pdf

HOW DOES THE COUNTY HELP TO COLLECT COST RECOVERY ITEMS PLACED ON THE TAX ROLL?

- The county makes the local units whole on taxes and take over collecting delinquent taxes.
- 2. When the parcel is not paid, it goes into foreclosure.
- 3. The 3rd Tuesday in July is the first opportunity to offer foreclosed properties for sale at auction.
- 4. The <u>minimum</u> bid is the amount owed for taxes plus fees for title searches, postings, property upkeep, etc. The final bid is what the public is willing to pay for the property.
- 5. All liens are extinguished in the foreclosure process, including sewer/water liens or mortgage liens.
- 6. If the County Treasurer is unable to get the minimum bid, the taxes can be charged back to the local units.

PROPOSED LAW THAT WILL AFFECT FORECLOSURE COLLECTION

Delinquent taxes - HB 4219 amends the General Property Tax Act to provide that if proceeds from the sale of tax foreclosed property exceed the minimum bid, the foreclosing governmental unit shall remit an amount equal to the excess to an individual who owned and occupied the property as a principal residence immediately before the entry of judgment foreclosing the property. Amends section 78m of 1893 PA 206.

WHY?

Many properties do not sell for the minimum bid. If the County Treasurer is unable to collect enough money at auction to pay all the taxes, fees, interests, and costs in the aggregate, then the taxes can be charged back to the City or Township. This proposed legislation assumes that some properties will sell for more than the minimum bid and requires that the amount over and above the minimum bid be refunded to the former home owner. This would harm cities and townships who would bear the burden of the properties that did not sell for the minimum bid.

THE END

Contact Information:

Susan Daugherty, Treasurer Green Oak Charter Township

Susan.daugherty@greenoaktwp.com

810-231-1333 x119 (O)

586-246-7600 (Cell)

2019 MMTA Fall Conference

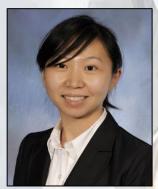
People. Purpose. Passion. The Flights of Success

Mon., Oct. 14 – 3:15 pm: Breakout - MDOT Reporting/Act 51



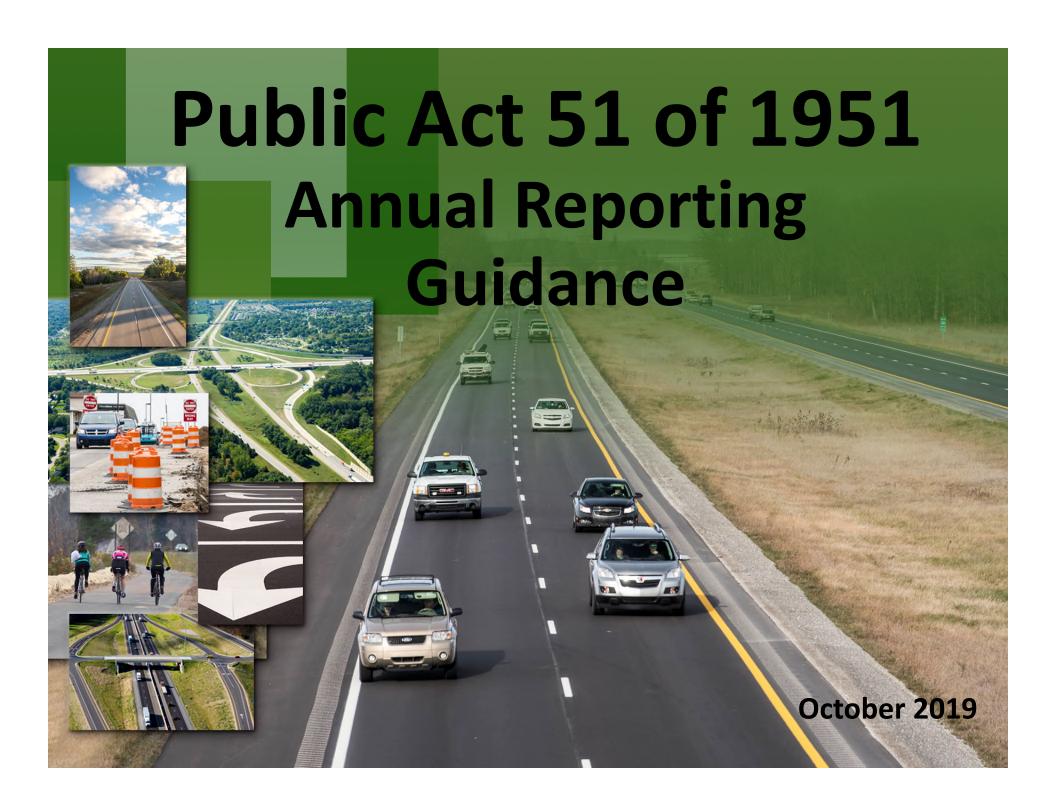
Laura Loomis, Financial Specialist, Michigan Department of Transportation (517) 335-2556; LoomisL2@michigan.gov

Laura Loomis is a Financial Specialist with the State of Michigan. She joined MDOT and the Financial Outreach Division (FOD) in 2018. Prior to joining MDOT, she worked on the Air National Guard Base in Battle Creek for the DMVA. She graduated from Northern Michigan University with a master's degree in Public Administration and from Western Michigan University with a bachelor's degree in Accounting. Laura is married and has a 12-year-old son, 10-year-old daughter and twin girls that are 9. Laura enjoys reading, volunteering, and spending time with family.



Jingjing Chang, CPA, Financial Specialist, Michigan Department of Transportation

Jingjing is a Financial Specialist. She joined the State of Michigan in 2016 and has been with the Financial Operations Division at the Michigan Department of Transportation for over two years. Prior to joining the State, she has worked at a regional CPA firm for three years where responsibilities ranged from completing business and individual tax returns to performing audits on governmental entities and financial institutions. She graduated from University of Tennessee – Knoxville with a master's degree in accounting with a concentration in Taxation and a bachelor's degree in Music Therapy from Florida State University. Jingjing has two boys and enjoys traveling, reading and making puzzles.





Contact

- Laura Loomis Financial Specialist
 oloomisl2@michigan.gov
 o(517)335-2556
- Jingjing Chang Financial Specialist
 changj2@michigan.gov
 (517)241-3178
- E-mail: MDOT-Outreach@michigan.gov Fax: (517) 335-1828
- MDOT Financial Operations Division P.O. Box 30050 Lansing, MI 48909



Agenda

- Act 51 City/Village Reports
 - Common Mistakes ADARS, Nonmotorized, IRT Asset Management, 18j
 - ✓ Tips and Tricks along the way
- Act 51 County Reports
- Act 51 Website & MTF Distributions
 - How to look up MTF payment information
 - How to calculate MTF estimated revenue
- SIGMA VSS
- Frequently Asked Questions



Act 51 Reports - City/Village



Act 51 Report Due Date

• MCL 247.665(3) of PA 51 of 1951 states:

"... each city and village shall file with the director of MDOT, not more than 120 days after the end of its fiscal year, on forms provided by the director, a report showing the disposition of funds appropriated, apportioned, or allocated under this act to the city or village ..."



Due Date of Audited Financial Statements for Treasury

MCL 141.2303(1) of PA 34 of 2001 states:

"Each municipality shall file an audit report annually with the department within 6 months from the end of its fiscal year or as otherwise provided in the uniform budgeting and accounting act, 1968 PA 2, MCL 141.421 to 141.440a."



Extensions to Act 51 Due Dates

 MDOT has changed its policy and now grants every agency an automatic 60-day extension to bring the Act 51 due date equal to the Audited Financial due date.

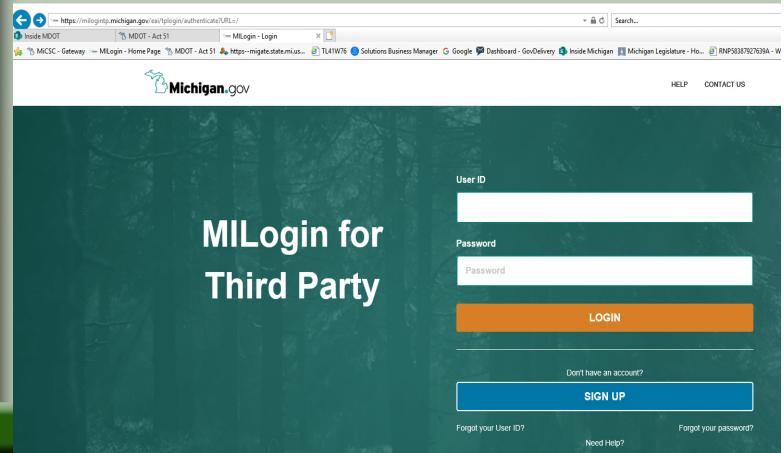
 You can request an extension if you know your financials will be late, but it is no longer required at the 120-day mark.



Requesting Access to ADARS

Go to the MiLogin Third Party Page:

https://milogintp.michigan.gov



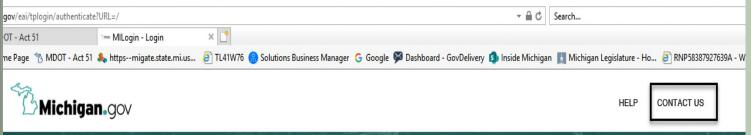




Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT)

MDOT ADARS - Act 51 Distribution and Reporting System

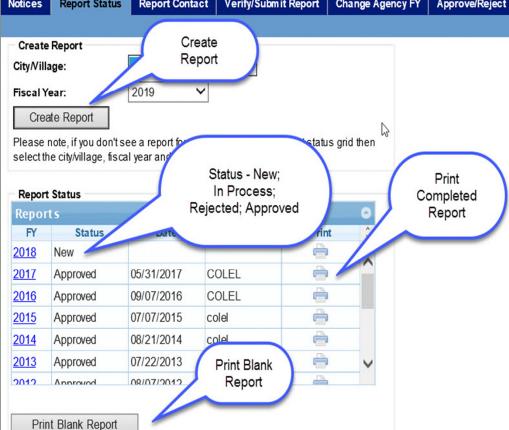
MDOT TAMC - Investment Reporting Tool (IRT)

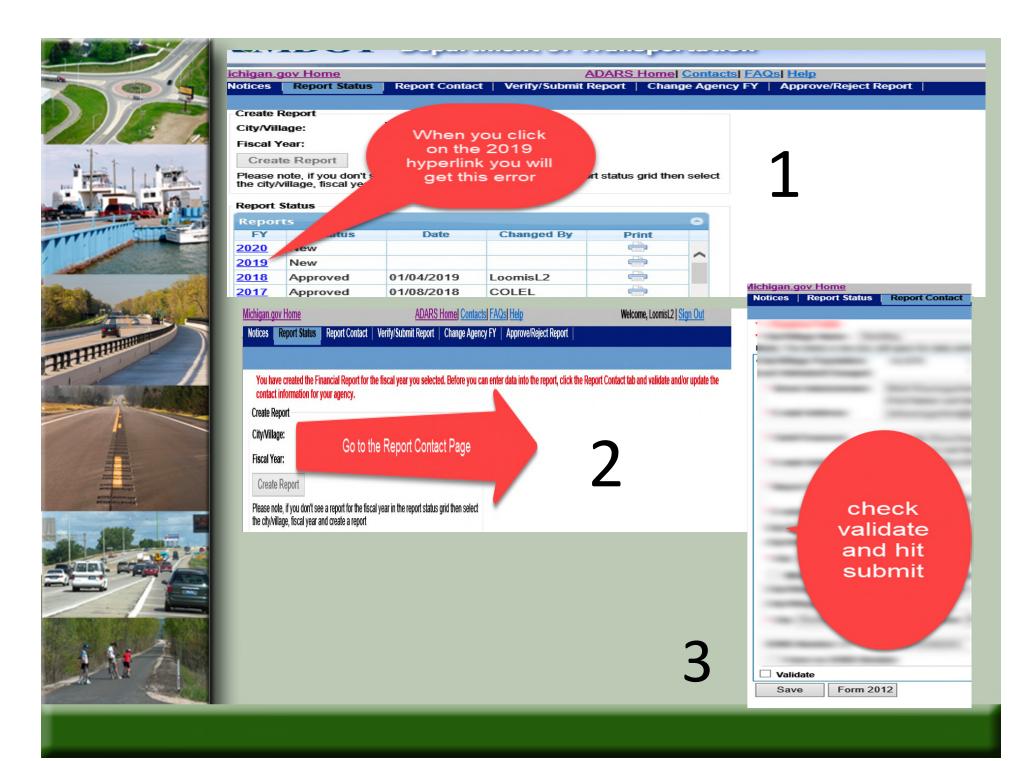




Report Status Screen



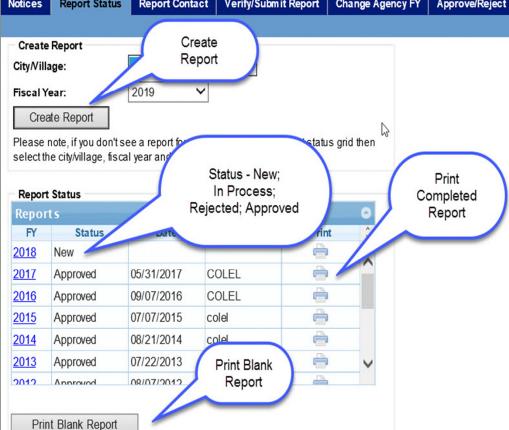






Report Status Screen







Report Contact Screen

Form 2012

CMDOT Department of Transportation ADARS Home| Contacts| FAQs| Help Michigan.gov Home Report Status Report Contact Verify/Submit Report | Change Agency FY | Approve/Reject Report Notices * = Required City/Village Select CityVillage Agency Type: Name: Note: The fields in the box will open for data entry after you select City/Village Name. City/Village Population: Major Mileage: Local Mileage: Last Validated/Changed: Validated/Changed 5 Email Street Administrator: Address (First Name Last Name) E-mail Address: Phone: Clerk/Treasurer: * Phone No: (First Name Last Name) Alternate E-mail Address: * Report Preparer: * Phone No: (First Name Last Name) Alternate * E-mail Address: Phone: City/Village Street Address: P.O.Box No: City/Village Street Address Line 2: Zip Code: ■ Mailing Address DUNS Number City/Village Mailing A P.O.Box No: City/Village Mailing State: MI * Zip Code: * City: Validate DUNS Number: [?] ☐ I have no DUNS N Form 2012 Validate

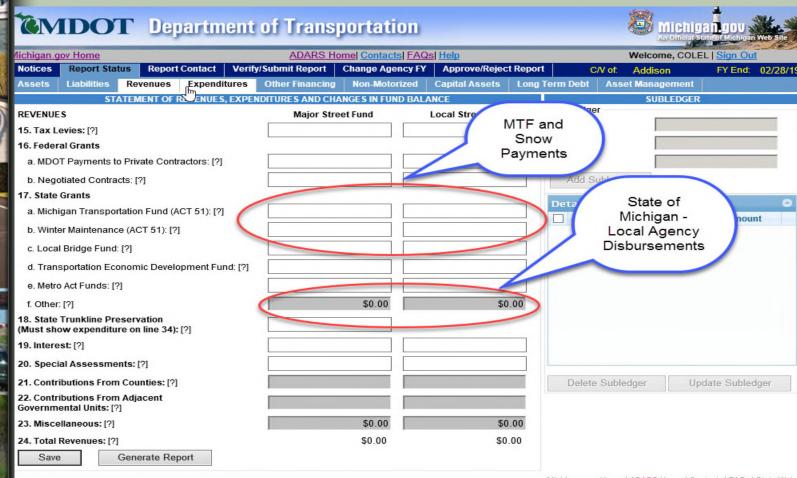


Assets Screen

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2. Investn	nents: [?]							Description	n:			
3. Receiva	ables							Amount:				
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b. Due l	From Other Gove	ernmental U	nits: [?]			Accr						6
c. Spec	ial Assessments	s: [?]				M T	F	ACCO	unt D	escription	Amou	
d. Intere								Acco	unt D	rescription	Alliou	iit.
e. Other												
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b. Trunk	dine Preservatio	n: [?]										
c. Road	Projects: [?]											
d. Other	r: [?]											
5. Due Fro	om Federal Gove	rnment										
a. Fede	ral Highway Adm	ninistration	(FHWA): [?]									
b. Other	r: [?]							Delete	Subledge	er Upd	late Suble	dger
Save	Ge	nerate Rep	ort			Page 1, 2	of 2					

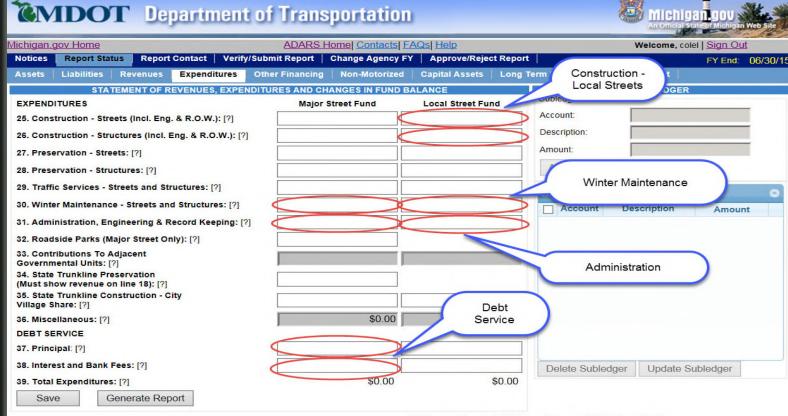


Revenues Screen





Expenditures Screen

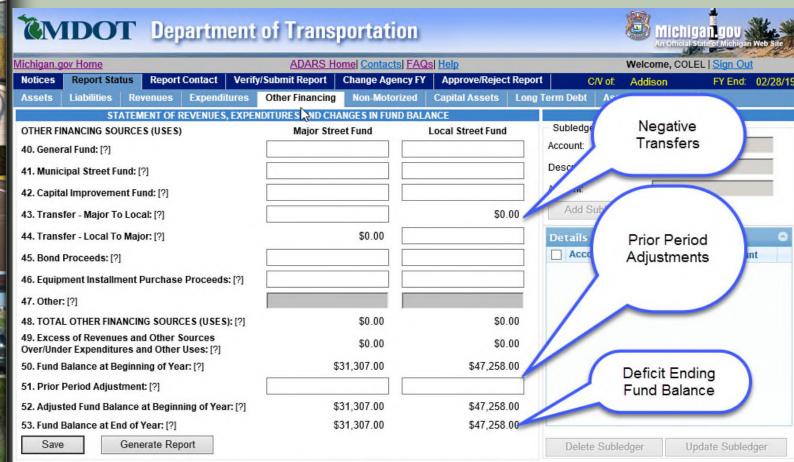


Michigan.gov Home | ADARS Home | Contacts | FAQs | State Web Sites
Privacy Policy | Link Policy | Accessibility Policy | Security Policy

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Other Financing Sources (Uses) Screen



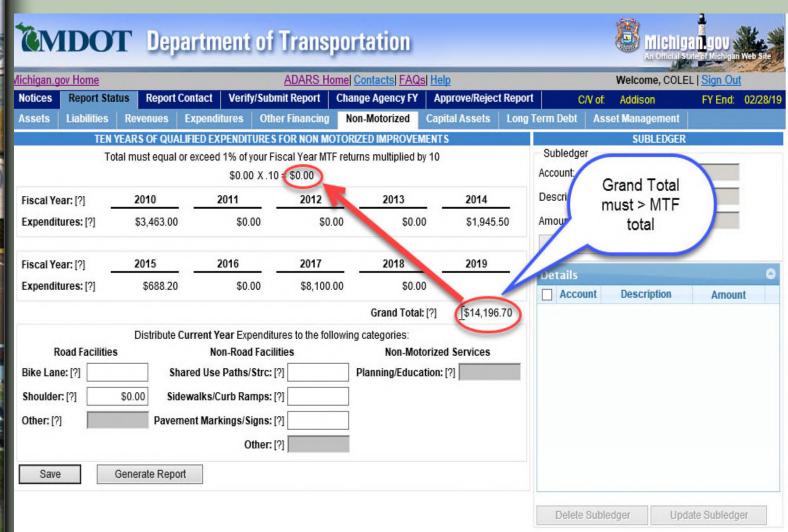


Non-Motorized Requirements

Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) Sec. 247.660k, commonly referred to as "Section 10k," allows and requires spending of MTF monies on nonmotorized transportation services and facilities. MCL 247.660k(2) states, "Of the funds allocated from the Michigan Transportation Fund to the State Trunkline Fund and to the counties, cities, and villages, a reasonable amount, but not less than 1 percent of those funds shall be expended for construction or improvement of nonmotorized transportation services and facilities."



Non-Motorized Screen





2019 Guidance for 10k Nonmotorized Expenditures

Here is the link for the table:

https://www.michigan.gov/documents/mdot/10k Nonmotorized Expenditures - 2019 Guidance 652926 7.pdf

You can also find it on our website:

www.Michigan.gov/act51 →

Under the ADARS/Act 51 heading →

10k Nonmotorized Expenditures – 2019 Guidance



Non-Motorized Contact

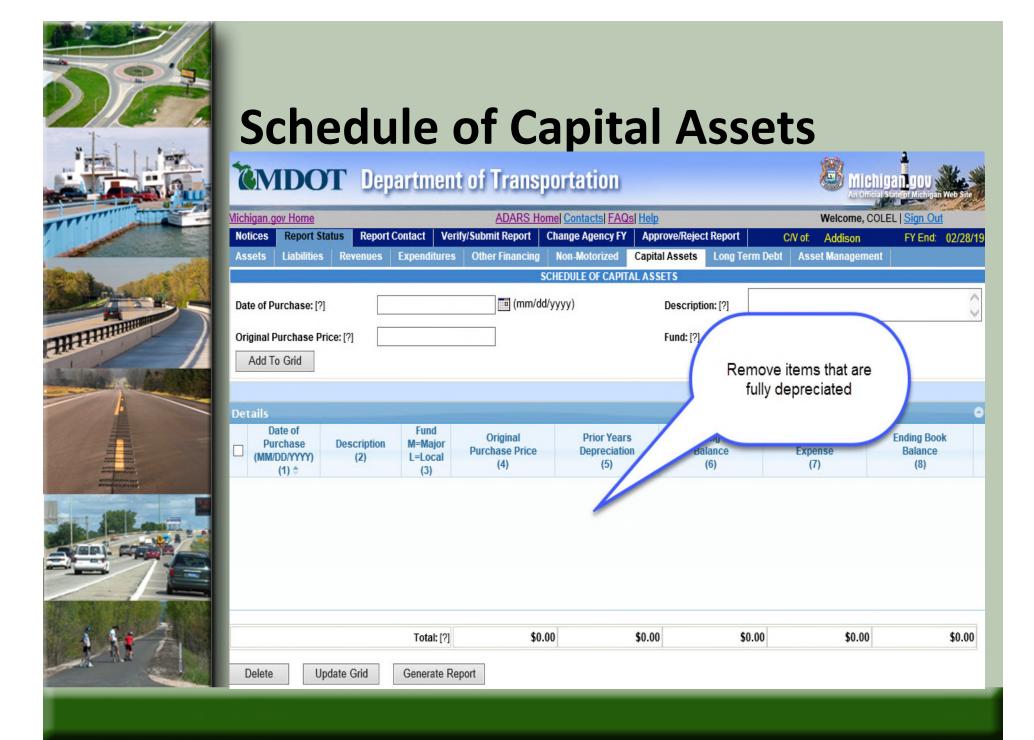
Josh DeBruyn, AICP

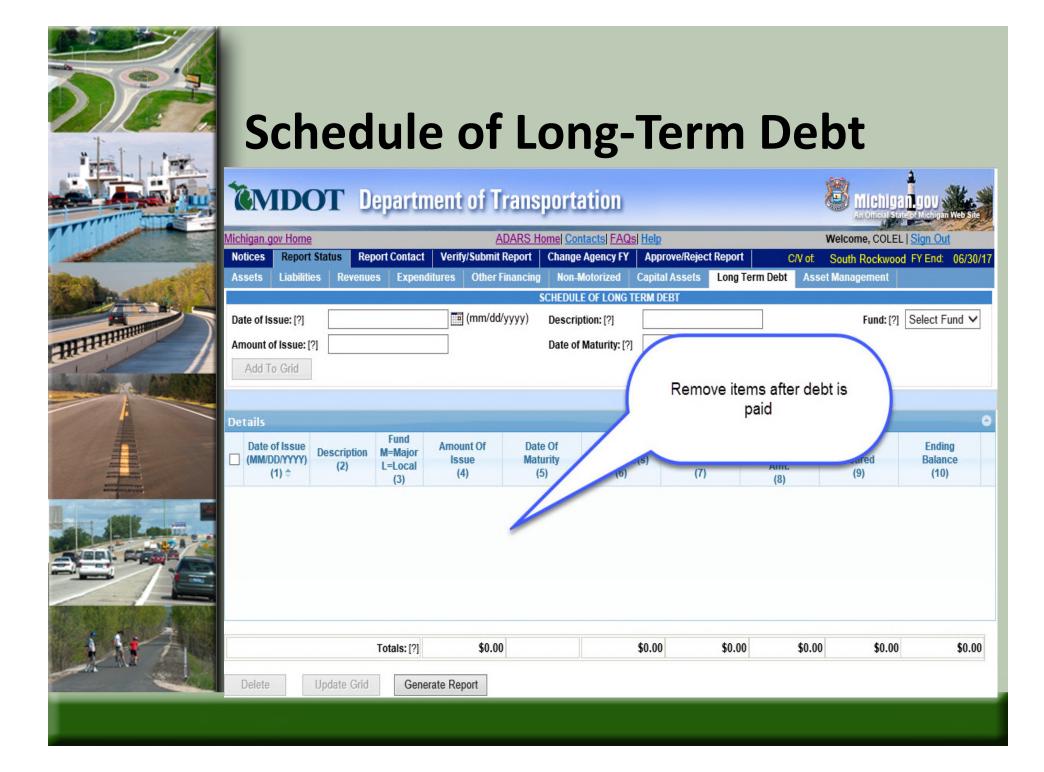
Bicycle and Pedestrian Coordinator

Phone: (517) 335-2918

Email: debruynj@michigan.gov

www.michigan.gov/mdot-biking







Asset Management Screen



or more information about the Asset Management page please click here.

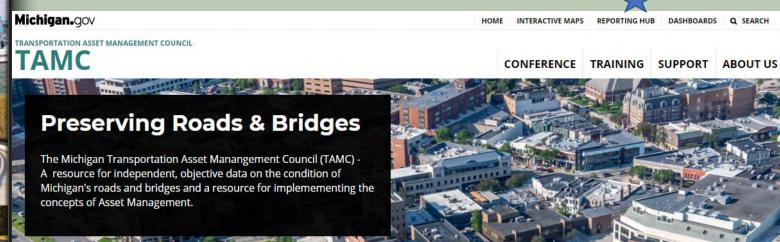
Improvement Type	Project ID 🌲	Total Project Cost	Date Open To Traffic	Pavement Type
Cape or slurry or fog seal	GreatLakesCrossing2019	\$0.00	08/09/2019	Asphalt
Cape or slurry or fog seal	ChryslerDr2019	\$0.00	08/09/2019	Asphalt
Complete removal and replacement of surface	Downtown2018	\$0.00	06/28/2019	Asphalt
Minor Rehabilitation	S.SquirrelRd2019	\$0.00	10/31/2019	Asphalt
Minor Rehabilitation	DexterJamesPhillips2019	\$0.00	10/31/2019	Asphalt
Minor Rehabilitation	TaylorRd2019	\$0.00	10/31/2019	Concrete

Update Grid

Generate Report



TAMC Website - www.michigan.gov/tamc



Interactive Maps

Create an up-to-date road and bridge condition map

Reporting Hub

Investment Reporting Tool (IRT), Act 51

Distribution and Reporting System
(ADARS), Non-Trunkline Federal Aid (NFTA)

Dashboards

Condition, operation, and investment in Michigan's public road system

Training

Sponsored training, support, and education programs.

Council & Committee Meetings

Meeting dates and approved minutes for the council.



New TAMP Requirement

Starting October 1, 2019
 Public Act 325 of 2018 changed the requirements for Counties, Cities and Villages to report their TAMP-Transportation Asset Management Plans.
 The Link below addresses any concerns and questions on these requirements.

https://www.michigan.gov/documents/tamc/TA MC Letter to Local Agencies PA 325 TAMP Te mplate Update 667150 7.pdf



New TAMP Submission Schedule

e۱	W IAIVIP SI	ubn	nissic
	October 1, 2020		October 1,
1	City of Wyoming	1	Wexford Co
2	Wayne County	2	Washtenaw
3	City of Walker	3	Van Buren
4	City of Troy	4	City of Taylo
5	St. Joseph County	5	City of St. C
6	City of Southfield	6	Shiawassee
7	Sanilac County	7	City of Sagi
8	City of Royal Oak	8	City of Rose
9	City of Romulus	9	City of Roch
10	City of Portage	10	City of Port
11	Ottawa County	11	Otsego Cou
12	Osceola County	12	Ontonagon
13	Oceana County	13	Oakland Co
14	City of Norton Shores	14	Newaygo C
15	Muskegon County	15	Montmoren
16	Monroe County	16	Missaukee
17	Midland County	17	Menominee
18	Mason County	18	Marquette 0
19	Macomb County	19	Mackinac C
200	Other - FI to to		155

- 20 City of Livonia Lenawee County City of Lansing City of Kentwood
- 23 Kalamazoo County 24
- 25 City of Jackson
- Iosco County

- 27 **Huron County**
- Hillsdale County 28
- City of Grand Rapids
- 30 Genesee County
- 31 City of Farmington Hills
- Dickinson County
- City of Dearborn Heights 33
- 34 Clinton County
- 35 Cheboygan County
- 36 Calhoun County
- 37 Berrien County
- 38 **Bay County**
- Baraga County
- 40 City of Ann Arbor
- Alger County

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- Leelanau County
- 22 Lake County
- 23 Kent County
- 24 City of Kalamazoo
- 25 Isabella County
- Ionia County 26
- 27 Houghton County
- 28 Gratiot County
- 29 Gogebic County
- 30 City Garden City
- 31 Emmet County
- City of Detroit
- 33 City of Dearborn
- Clare County
- 35 Charlevoix County
- 36 City of Burton
- 37 Benzie County
- 38 City of Battle Creek
- 39 Arenac County
- 40 Alpena County
- 41 Alcona County

October 1, 2022

- City of Westland
- City of Warren
- 3 Tuscola County
- 4 City of Sterling Heights
- 5 St. Clair County
- Schoolcraft County 6
- Saginaw County
- 8 Roscommon County
- 9 Presque Isle County
- City of Pontiac
- Oscoda County
- Ogemaw County
- City of Novi
- City of Muskegon
- Montcalm County
- City of Midland
- Mecosta County
- Manistee County
- Luce County
- City of Lincoln Park
- Lapeer County
- Keweenaw County
- Kalkaska County
- Jackson County
- Iron County
- Ingham County
- City of Holland
- Grand Traverse County
- Gladwin County
- 30 City of Flint
- Eaton County
- Delta County
- 33 Crawford County
- Chippewa County
- Cass County
- **Branch County**
- 37 City of Bay City 38 Barry County
- 39 Antrim County
- Allegan County



IRT Compliance Issues

- Updating Road and Bridge Projects
- Asset Management Survey Questions answered – even when no projects have been reported
- Status Updates: making sure "Not Complete" has been changed to "Complete"
- https://www.michigan.gov/documents/tamc/T AMC ADARS-IRT Reporting Tips with Status and Asset Management-Final 655045 7.pdf

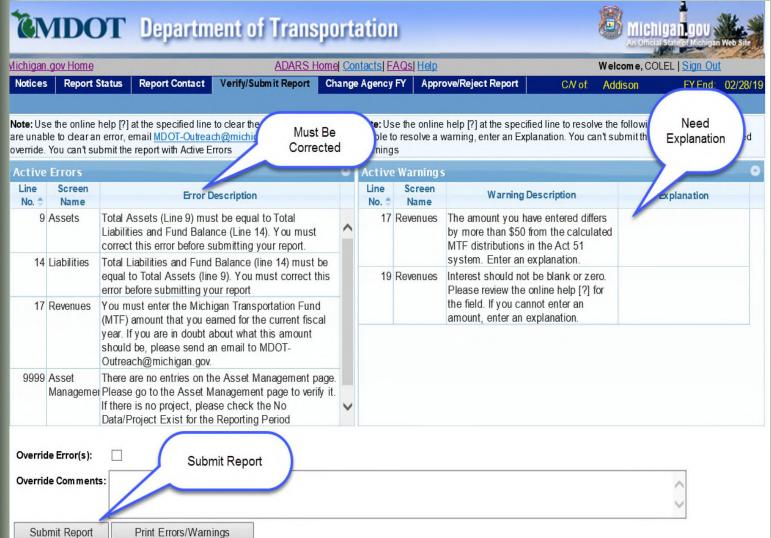


TAMC Contacts / Feedback

- TAMC Policy Questions –
 Roger Belknap TAMC Coordinator
 - BelknapR@michigan.gov
 - (517) 230-8192
 - www.michigan.gov/tamc
- TAMC IRT Helpdesk/CSS -(Center for Shared Solutions)
 - CSS-TAMC@mi.gov
 - (517) 335-3741



Verify/Submit Report





Forms & Due Dates

- ATTEST FORM- First page of the Act 51
 Street Financial Report
- MDOT FORM 2030- Act 51 Street Financial Report
- MDOT FORM 2012- Resolution for Designation of Street Administrator
- MDOT FORM 2068- Section 18j, Annual Certification of Employee-related Conditions



Section 18j Annual Certification of Employee Related Conditions



MCL 247.668j also know as Section 18j

- Certification date September 30 each year
- Form 2067 for Counties
- Form 2068 for Cities/Villages
- Dashboard requirement only pertains to County Road Commissions
- "Transportation" employee was removed from the law



Michigan Department of Transportation 2068 (08/19)

PUBLIC ACT 51, SECTION 18j, MCL 247.668j Annual Certification of Employee-related Conditions

Clear Form

CERTIFICATION YEAR

CITY OR VILLAGE NAME

Beginning September 30, 2015, and annually each September 30 thereafter, certification must be made for compliance to Section 18j(1) of Public Act 51 of 1951, MCL 247.668j(1). A local road agency must certify that it has (a) developed an employee compensation plan for its employees as described OR (b) the local road agency must certify that medical benefits are offered to its employees or elected public officials in compliance with the publicity funded health insurance contribution act, 2011 PA 152, MCL 15.561 to 15.569, or, that it does not offer medical benefits to its employees or elected public officials.

ployer	is of elected public officials.			
	Compliance with(1)(a) I certify compliance with MCL 247.66	9i/1Va\		
	Our compensation plan for employee		inimum criteria of MCL 247.66	8j (a)(i - iv).
	Compliance with (1)(b) I certify compliance with MCL 247.66	8J(1)(b), and	as such, offer one of the followi	ng:
	I certify that medical benefits are funded health insurance contributions.			als in compliance with the publically
	I certify that the local road agency 2011 PA 152; or	has exempte	ed itself from the publically fund	ed health insurance contribution act,
	I certify that medical benefits are	not offered to	employees or elected public of	ficials.
	Non-compliance with (1)(a) or (1)(b) I certify that we are not in compliance I understand that failure to comply wit part of the distributions made to this li	th certification	of (a) or (b) of MCL 247.668j(1	
This fo	rm must be signed by the Street Admir	nistrator and th	ne Treasurer or Financial Direc	tor.
SIGN	ATURE		SIGNATURE	
PRIN	TED NAME		PRINTED NAME	
TITLE	i	DATE	TITLE	DATE

Due Each September 30

Return the completed form to:

Michigan Department of Transportation, Financial Operations Division, P.O. Box 30050, Lansing, MI 48909, OR E-mail to: Mbot-outreach@Michigan.gov, OR

Fax to: (517) 335-1828



Act 51 Reports - Counties



Due Date and Extensions

- Due date
 - Counties May 1, 20xx
- Extensions
 - Counties with 12/31 fiscal year end might need an extension
 - Send request to Jingjing or MDOT-Outreach@Michigan.gov
 - Impact on Maintenance and Equipment
 Advance Payment Calculation



Review of Act 51 Report Page 1 – Total Assets

BALANCE SHEET

Assets

b

General Operating Fund

1. Cash	\$1,068,998.42
2. Investments	283,294.94
3. AccountsReceivable :	
a. Michigan Transportation Fund	448,329.91
b. State Trunkline Maintenance	50,895.62
c. State Transportation Department - Other	179,985.24
d. Due on County Road Agreement	0.00
e. Due on Special Assessement	0.00
f. Sundry Accounts Receivable	327,840.46
Inventories/Pre-Paid Insurance/Other	
4. Deferred Expense State Aid	0.00
5. Road Materials	223,683.85
	152,211.90
6. Equipment Materials and Parts	0.00
7. Prepaid Insurance	0.00
8. Deferred Expense - Federal Aid	
9. Other	16,022.42

10. TOTAL ASSETS \$2,751,262.76



Page 2 – Liabilities and Fund Balances

Liabilities and Fund Balances

Liabilities

11. Accounts Payable	\$156,007.35
12. Notes Payable (Short Term)	0.00
13. Accrued Liability	43,848.16
14. Advances	130,078.00
15. Deferred Revenue - Special Assessment District	0.00
16. Deferred Revenue - EDF Forest Rd.(E)	0.00
17. Deferred Revenue	0.00
18. Other	0.00

Fund Balances

19. Primary Road Fund	1,477,370.00
20. Local Road Fund	0.00
21. County Road Commission Fund	943,959.25
22. Total Fund Balances	2,421,329.25

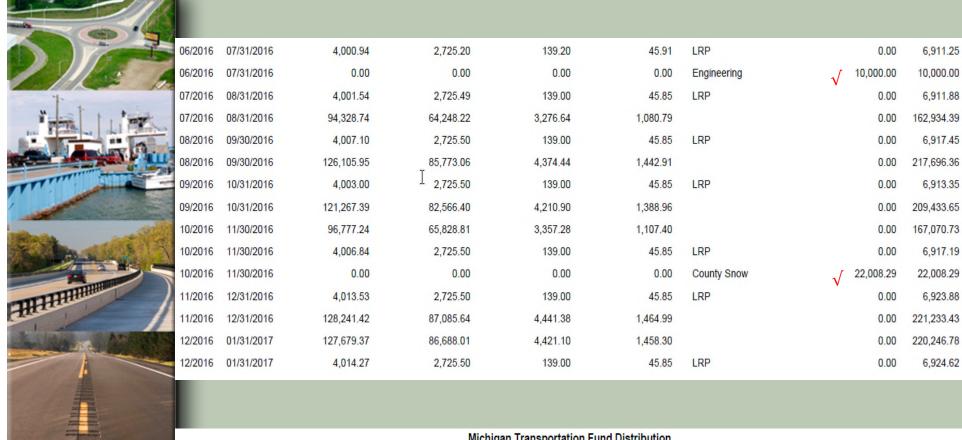
23. TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

\$2,751,262.76





Taxes A county Wide Millage fund (P) \$ 0.00 (C) \$ 18.31 (T) (T) 46. County Wide Millage 4. Cou		STATEMENT OF REVE	NUES		
46. County Wide Millage		Fund	Fund	Comm. Fund	
47. Other	Taxes				
47. Other	46. County Wide Millage	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$18.31	\$18.31
Page		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Head Specify	48. Total Taxes	0.00	0.00	18.31	18.31
So. Surface Tran. Program (STP) 303,026.03 0.00 0.00 303,026.03 51. C Funds - Federal 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 52. D Funds - Federal 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 53. Bridge 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 54. High Priority 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 55. Other 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 55. Other 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 55. Ottal Federal Sources 303,026.03 0.00 0.00 0.00 55. Total Federal Sources 303,026.03 0.00 0.00 57. Engineering 5,950.43 4,049.57 10,000.00 58. Snow Removal 0.00 22,008.29 22,008.29 59. Urban Road 52,345.74 17,266.20 69,611.94 60. Allocation 1,505,176.81 1,024,349.34 2,259,526.15 61. Total MTF 1,563,472.98 1,067,673.40 2,631,146.38 Other	Licenses and Permits				
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64. Total Other 0.00 0.00 199,450.39 199,450.39 Economic Development Fund 65. Target Industries (A) 0.00 0.00 0.00 66. Urban congestion (C) 0.00 0.00 0.00 67. Rural Primary (D) 105,786.05 0.00 105,786.05 68. Forest Road (E) 150,000.00 0.00 150,000.00 69. Urban Area (F) 0.00 0.00 0.00 70. Other 0.00 0.00 0.00 71. Total EDF 255,786.05 0.00 255,786.05	62. Local Bridge	0.00	0.00	1 _	0.00
Economic Development Fund 65. Target Industries (A) 0.00 0.00 0.00 66. Urban congestion (C) 0.00 0.00 0.00 67. Rural Primary (D) 105,786.05 0.00 105,786.05 68. Forest Road (E) 150,000.00 0.00 150,000.00 69. Urban Area (F) 0.00 0.00 0.00 70. Other 0.00 0.00 0.00 71. Total EDF 255,786.05 0.00 255,786.05	63. Other	0.00	0.00	199,450.39	199,450.39
65. Target Industries (A) 0.00 0.00 0.00 66. Urban congestion (C) 0.00 0.00 0.00 67. Rural Primary (D) 105,786.05 0.00 105,786.05 68. Forest Road (E) 150,000.00 0.00 150,000.00 69. Urban Area (F) 0.00 0.00 0.00 70. Other 0.00 0.00 0.00 71. Total EDF 255,786.05 0.00 255,786.05	64. Total Other	0.00	0.00	199,450.39	199,450.39
66. Urban congestion (C) 0.00 0.00 67. Rural Primary (D) 105,786.05 0.00 68. Forest Road (E) 150,000.00 0.00 69. Urban Area (F) 0.00 0.00 70. Other 0.00 0.00 71. Total EDF 255,786.05 0.00	Economic Development Fund				
67. Rural Primary (D) 105,786.05 0.00 105,786.05 68. Forest Road (E) 150,000.00 0.00 150,000.00 69. Urban Area (F) 0.00 0.00 0.00 70. Other 0.00 0.00 0.00 71. Total EDF 255,786.05 0.00 255,786.05	65. Target Industries (A)	0.00	0.00		0.00
68. Forest Road (E) 150,000.00 0.00 150,000.00 69. Urban Area (F) 0.00 0.00 0.00 70. Other 0.00 0.00 0.00 71. Total EDF 255,786.05 0.00 255,786.05	66. Urban congestion (C)	0.00	0.00		0.00
69. Urban Area (F) 0.00 0.00 0.00 70. Other 0.00 0.00 0.00 71. Total EDF 255,786.05 0.00 255,786.05	67. Rural Primary (D)	105,786.05	0.00		105,786.05
70. Other 0.00 0.00 0.00 71. Total EDF 255,786.05 0.00 255,786.05	68. Forest Road (E)	150,000.00	0.00		150,000.00
71. Total EDF 255,786.05 0.00 255,786.05					
		0.00	0.00		0.00
72. Total State Sources \$1,819,259.03 \$1,067,673.40 \$199,450.39 \$3,086,382.82	71. Total EDF	255,786.05	0.00	<u>-</u>	255,786.05
	72. Total State Sources	\$1,819,259.03	\$1,067,673.40	\$199,450.39	\$3,086,382.82



Michigan Transportation Fund Distribution Payments to Counties 01/2016 - 12/2016

	······						
Month War	rant Date	County Wide Primary Funds	County Wide Local Funds	County Urban Primary Funds	County Urban Local Funds	Additional Distribution or Adjustments	Total
Total		\$1,505,176.81	\$1,024,349.34	\$52,345.74	\$17,266.20	\$32,008.29	
		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	Grand Total \$	2,631,146.38



Page 7 – Fund Balances

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	B	Primary Road Fund (P)	Local Road Fund (L)	Co. Road Comm. Fund (C)	Total (T)
129. Total Revenues And Other Financing Sources		\$3,047,324.70	\$1,623,610.62	\$907,225.42	\$5,578,160.74
130. Total Expenditures 131. Excess of Revenues Over		2,621,902.00	2,070,373.01	474,938.61	5,167,213.62
(Under) Expenditures		425,422.70	(446,762.39)	432,286.81	410,947.12
132. Optional Transfers 132 a. Primary to Local (50% 132 b. Local to Primary (15%	•	(446,762.39) 0.00	446,762.39 0.00	1-	0.00
133. Emergency Transfers (Local to Primary)		0.00	0.00		0.00
134. Total Optional Transfers		(446,762.39)	446,762.39	-	0.00
135. Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		(21,339.69)	0.00	432,286.81	410,947.12
136. Beginning Fund		2,689,664.14	0.00	715,316.57	3,404,980.71
137. Adjustment		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
138. Beginning Fund Balance Restated		2,689,664.14	0.00	715,316.57	3,404,980.71
139. Interfund Transfer(County to Primary and/or Local)		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
140. Ending Fund Balance		\$2,668,324.45	\$0.00	\$1,147,603.38	\$3,815,927.83



Page 15 – Non-Motorized Improvements

Year Ended - 2018

Start: 01/01/2018 End: 12/31/2018

TEN YEARS OF QUALIFIED EXPENDITURES FOR NON MOTORIZED IMPROVEMENTS

(for Compliance with Section 10K of Act 51)

Fiscal Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Expenditures (\$)	0.00	0.00	48,993.00	0.00	0.00
Fiscal Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenditures (\$)	27,625.72	76,608.30	0.00	65,311.77	22,076.00

242. TOTAL

\$240,614.79

Total must equal or exceed 1% of your Fiscal Year MTF returns multiplied by 10

2,582,790.19 x .10 = 258,279.02



Verify/Submit Report



Michigan.gov Home ADARS Home Contacts FAQs Help

Welcome, ChangJ2 | Sign Out

Report Status Notices

Report Contact Verify/Submit Report Change Agency FY | Approve Reject Report

County:

FY End: 12/31/18

override. You can't submit the report with Active Errors

Note: Use the online help [?] at the specified line to clear the following errors. If you Note: Use the online help [?] at the specified line to resolve the following warnings. If you are are unable to clear an error, email MDOT-Outreach@michigan.gov and request an unable to resolve a warning, enter an Explanation. You can't submit the report with unexplained

Active	Errors		6
Line No \$	Screen Name	Error Description	
242	Non Motorized	Total must equal or exceed 1% of your Fiscal Year MTF returns multiplied by 10. Please contact MDOT-Outreach@michigan.gov to resolve this error.	

Line	Screen	Warning Description	Explanation
No 🌲	Name	warning bescription	

Override Error(s):

Override Comment: Nonmotorized projects plan approved by Josh DeBruyn on 6/10/19.

Submit Report

Print Errors/Warnings



Forms & Due Dates

- Act 51 Report May 1, 20xx
- Form 2044: Engineering
 Reimbursement June 30, 20xx
- Form 2067- Section 18j, Annual Certification of Employee-related Conditions – September 30, 20xx



MDOT'S ACT 51 WEBSITE

www.michigan.gov/act51



Act 51 Home Page -- MTF Distribution History Program

Act 51 - Financial Outreach

MDOT's Financial Outreach area is responsible for the distribution of Michigan Transportation Funds (MTF) to counties, cities, and villages as provided for in PA 51 of 1951, MCL 247.660. In addition, the department is responsible for the administration of MCL 247.662 and 247.663, which requires counties, cities, and villages to adhere to certain Act 51 requirements in order to be eligible for monthly MTF revenue distributions. Included in these requirements are the annual submission of county, city, and village financial reports to the department for review and approval.

Questions?

For MTF payments and County Act 51 report: Jingjing Chang, Financial Specialist, 517-241-3178 changj2@michigan.gov

For city/village Act 51 reports and Act 51 eligibility: Laura Loomis, Financial Specialist, 517-335-2556 loomisl2@michigan.gov

ADARS-Act 51

Act 51 Primer
ADARS City-Village Instructions
ADARS County Instructions
How to Register for ADARS
10k Nonmotorized Expenditures - 2019 Guidance

Guidance for Local Road Agency Transfers MDOT Forms
MDOT Form 2012 Snow County Map

Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF)

MTF Reports (Act 51 Allocations)
Est. Treasury Adjustment (\$44M) to CV
Est. FY18 DOS Adjustment to CV
Add'l Treasury Adjustment (\$13.4M) to CV
Combined Adjustments for CV
Communications Related to FY18 Adjustments

MTF Distribution History
Est. Treasury Adjustment (\$44M) to Co.
Est. FY18 DOS Adjustment to Co.
Add'l Treasury Adjustment (\$13.4M) to Co.
Combined Adjustments for County

Other State Grants

Training

Act 51 Training - January 2019 7

Section 18J

Section 18J Frequently Asked Questions 51 MCL 247.668j 52

Form 2067 5

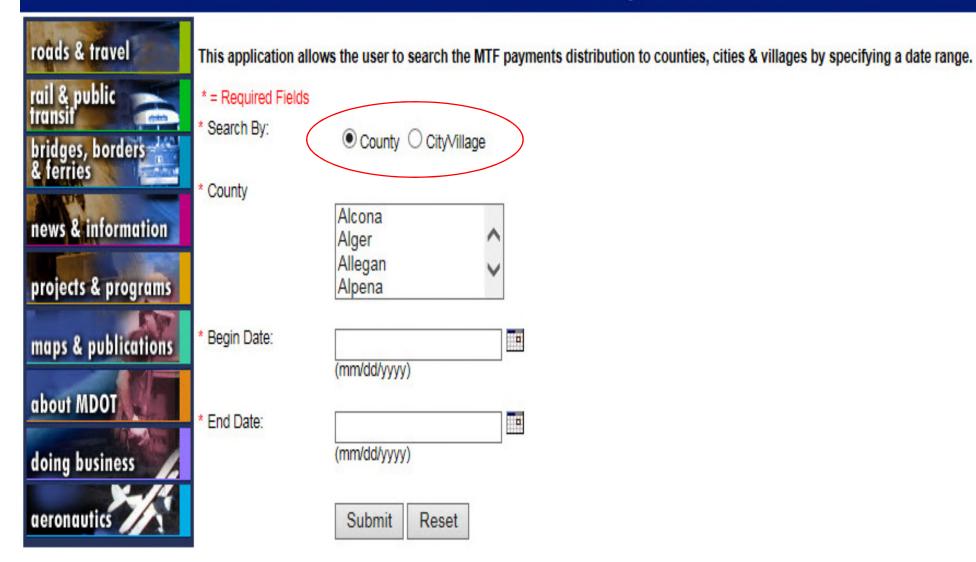
EMDOT Department of Transportation



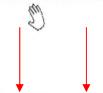
Michigan.gov Home

MTF Distribution History Home Act 51 Reporting Contact MDOT Home

MTF Distribution History



Act 51 Distribution and Reporting System



Michigan Transportation Fund Distribution Payments to Counties

03/2019 - 08/2019

Month	Warrant Date	County Wide Primary Funds	County Wide Local Funds	County Urban Primary Funds	County Urban Local Funds	Additi	onal Distribution or Adjustments	Total
County - 03/2019	Alcona 04/30/2019	206,884.51	140,619.11	7,139.36	2,354.91		0.00	356,997.89
03/2019	04/30/2019	4,010.74	2,726.09	138.41	45.65	LRP	0.00	6,920.89
04/2019	05/31/2019	176,555.91	119,566.31	6,070.49	2,002.34		0.00	304,195.05
04/2019	05/31/2019	4,025.45	2,726.09	138.41	45.65	LRP	0.00	6,935.60
05/2019	06/30/2019	4,021.77	2,726.09	138.41	45.65	LRP	0.00	6,931.92
05/2019	06/30/2019	198,987.85	134,880.99	6,848.03	2,258.82		0.00	342,975.69
06/2019	07/31/2019	186,546.05	126,664.09	6,494.87	2,142.33		0.00	321,847.34
06/2019	07/31/2019	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Engineering	10,000.00	10,000.00
06/2019	07/31/2019	4,022.31	2,726.12	138.42	45.66	LRP	0.00	6,932.51
07/2019	08/31/2019	171,374.66	116,071.51	5,888.94	1,942.46		0.00	295,277.57
07/2019	08/31/2019	4,024.66	2,725.89	138.30	45.62	LRP	0.00	6,934.47
08/2019	09/30/2019	189,505.17	128,221.13	6,505.36	2,145.79		0.00	326,377.45
08/2019	09/30/2019	4,028.75	2,725.89	138.30	45.62	LRP	0.00	6,938.56
Total		\$1,153,987.83	\$782,379.31	\$39,777.30	\$13,120.50		\$10,000.00	
							Grand Total	\$1,999,264.94



Act 51 Home Page -- MTF Reports (Act 51 Allocations)

Act 51 - Financial Outreach

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MTF Reports (Act 51 Allocations)

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MTF Distribution History
Est. Treasury Adjustment (\$44M) to Co.
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Add'l Treasury Adjustment (\$13.4M) to Co.
Combined Adjustments for County

Other State Grants

PA 82 of 2018 - City/Village 1 PA 82 of 2018 - County 1 PA 207 of 2018 - City/Village (1 of 2) 1 PA 207 of 2018 - City/Village (2 of 2) 1 PA 207 of 2018 - City/Village (2 of 2)

Training

Act 51 Training - January 2019 📆

Section 18J

Section 18J Frequently Asked Questions 51 MCL 247.668j 51

Form 2067 🔁 Form 2068 🔁



MTF Reports (Act 51 Allocations) – City/Village Revenue Data

MDOT / DOING BUSINESS

MTF Reports (Act 51 Allocations)

Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF) payment breakdown information related to individual monthly payments to incorporated cities, villages and county road commissions pursuant to Act 51, new revenue package, estimated revenues, and monthly and annual reports.

Revenue Data

City/Village County

New Revenue Package

Estimated City/Village Revenue

Estimated County Revenue

Receipts & Distributions

Annual Reports



City/Village Revenue Data -- Payment Breakdown

City/Village Revenue Data

Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF) revenue, allocations and breakdown information related to individual monthly payments to incorporated cities and villages pursuant to Act 51.

Allocation Factors

January 2019 🔁

December 2018 🔁

November 2018 🔁 October 2018 📆

September 2018 🏂

August 2018 📆

July 2018 🔁

May 2018 📆

Average Unit Values

August 2019 XIII
July 2019 XIII
June 2019 XIII
May 2019 XIII
April 2019 XIII
March 2019 XIII
February 2019 XIII
January 2019 XIII
December 2018 XIII
October 2018 XIII
September 2018 XIIII

August 2018

July 2018 🔀

June 2018 XI

Payment Breakdown

August 2019 🔁 July 2019 🔁

June 2019 🔁 May 2019 📆

April 2019 📆

March 2019 📆

February 2019 📆

January 2019 🏂

December 2018 📆

November 2018 🏂

October 2018 📆

September 2018 📆

August 2018 📆

July 2018 📆

June 2018 📆



City/Village Revenue Data -- Payment Breakdown

Ell

City/Village Continuation Sheet

Earning Month: 02/2018

Federal Id	Mail Code	Agency Name And Address	Trans Description	Trans Amount
386026533	005	Village Of Addison	Major Street	5,735.21
		103 1/2 West Main Street P.O. Box 213	Local Street	1,608.10
		Addison Mi 49220	LRP Major Street	119.55
			LRP Local Street	33.52
			Local Agency Disbursem	5,931.50
				\$13,427.88
386004654	004	City Of Adrian	Major Street	136,299.80
		135 E Maumee St	Local Street	42,944.11
		Adrian Mi 49221-2773	LRP Major Street	2,841.11
			LRP Local Street	895.15
			Local Agency Disbursem	144,782.83
				\$327,763.00



City/Village MTF Estimates -- Step 1: Allocation Factors

City/Village Revenue Data

Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF) revenue, allocations and breakdown information related to individual monthly payments to incorporated cities and villages pursuant to Act 51.

Allocation Factors

August 2019 🔁

July 2019 🏂

June 2019 📆

May 2019 1

April 2019 📆

March 2019 📆

February 2019 📆

January 2019 📆

December 2018 📆

November 2018 📆

October 2018 🔁

September 2018 📆

August 2018 🏂

July 2018 📆

May 2018 📆

Average Unit Values

August 2019 XI

July 2019 🔀

June 2019 XI

May 2019 🔀

April 2019 🔀

March 2019

February 2019

January 2019 🔀

December 2018

November 2018

October 2018

September 2018

August 2018

July 2018

June 2018 XI

Payment Breakdown

August 2019 5

July 2019 🏂

June 2019 📆

May 2019 📆

April 2019 📆

March 2019 1

February 2019 📆

January 2019 📆

December 2018 📆

November 2018 📆

October 2018 📆

September 2018 📆

August 2018 7

July 2018 📆

June 2018 📆



City/Village MTF Estimates -- Step 1: Allocation Factors

Act 51 Distribution and Reporting System

09/23/2019

Page 1 of 12

MTF Distribution

City/Village Population and Mileage

MTF Distribution Month: August, 2019

	Population	Adj St		Equivalent		
Name	Factor	Trunkline	Major Miles	Major Miles	Population	Local Miles
Addison	1.00 🚺	0.00 4	2.67 📵	2.670	605 🚺	2.42 5
Adrian	1.30	0.00	30.77	40.001	21,133	42.76
Ahmeek	1.00	0.00	0.79	0.790	146	0.92
Akron	1.00	0.00	2.01	2.010	402	1.97
Alanson	1.00	0.00	1.85	1.850	738	5.34
Albion	1.10	0.00	18.67	20.537	8,616	28.42
Algonac	1.10	0.00	6.10	6.710	4,110	13.93
Allegan	1.10	0.00	11.97	13.167	4,998	17.83
Allen	1.00	0.00	0.17	0.170	191	0.57
Allen Park	1.30	15.42	19.89	45.903	28,210	73.59
Alma	1.10	0.00	16.27	17.897	9,383	31.62
Almont	1.10	0.00	3.34	3.674	2,674	8.72
Alpena	1.20	0.00	25.80	30.960	10,483	44.04



City/Village MTF Estimates -- Step 2: Calculations

MDOT / DOING BUSINESS

MTF Reports (Act 51 Allocations)

Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF) payment breakdown information related to individual monthly payments to incorporated cities, villages and county road commissions pursuant to Act 51, new revenue package, estimated revenues, and monthly and annual reports.

Revenue Data

New Revenue Package

Estimated City/Village Revenue

FY2019 - City/Village MTF Estimated Revenue Based on ORTA 01/11/19

FY2020 - City/Village MTF Estimated Revenue Based on ORTA 01/11/19

FY2021 - City/Village MTF Estimated Revenue Based on ORTA 01/11/19

2

Estimated County Revenue

Receipts & Distributions

Annual Reports



City/Village MTF Estimates -- Step 2: Calculations

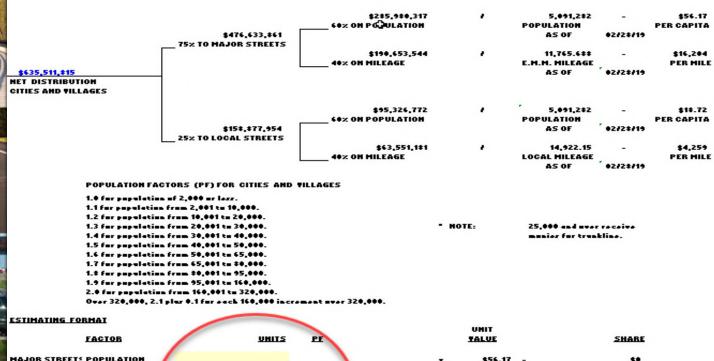
CITY AND VILLAGE ESTIMATED AVERAGE UNIT VALUES

OR THE PERIOD OF 10/2019 - 9/2020

Based on ORTA Revenue Estimate of 01/11/2019 DRAFT

Includes \$325M Redirected Income Tax Revenue, \$143M PA 588 of 2018 Supplemental, and \$21.9M Recreational Marijuana Tax Revenue Includes \$33M Local Road Program

Does not include any special payments (Snow or Jurisdictional Transfers)



	UHITS	PE
/		
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<u> </u>		
1		
	5	

UNIT TALVE			SHARE	
*	\$56.17	-	\$*	
*	\$16,204	-	\$*	
*	\$16,204	-	\$*	
*	\$1\$.72	-	\$*	
*	\$4,259	-	\$•	
то	TAL SHARE		50	



MTF Estimates Using AUV -- Step 2: Calculations

100.00								
	ESTIMATING FOR	MAT 🗘						
		<u>FACTOR</u>	_	<u>UNITS</u>	<u>PF</u>		UNIT <u>Value</u>	SHARE
)	MAJOR STREETS:	POPULATION	1	605		x	\$56.17	= \$33,983
		MAJOR MILES	2	2.67 x	1.0	3 x	\$16,204	= \$43,265
/	* 2 x	TRUNKLINE MILES	4	0.00 x	1.0	3 x	\$16,204	= \$0
	LOCAL STREETS:	POPULATION	1	605		x	\$18.72	= \$11,328
		LOCAL MILES	5	2.42		x	\$4,259	= \$10,306
733.1							TOTAL SHARE	\$98,883



MTF Reports (Act 51 Allocations) – County Revenue Data

MDOT / DOING BUSINESS

MTF Reports (Act 51 Allocations)

Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF) payment breakdown information related to individual monthly payments to incorporated cities, villages and county road commissions pursuant to Act 51, new revenue package, estimated revenues, and monthly and annual reports.

Revenue Data

City/Village County

New Revenue Package

Estimated City/Village Revenue

Estimated County Revenue

Receipts & Distributions

Annual Reports



County MTF Estimates -- Step 1: Allocation Factors

MDOT / DOING BUSINESS

County Revenue Data

Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF) revenue, allocations and breakdown information related to individual monthly payments to incorporated county road commissions or county road department pursuant to Act 51.

Allocation Factors

August 2019 7

July 2019 🏂

June 2019 📆

May 2019 📆

April 2019 📆

March 2019 📆

February 2019 🏂

January 2019 📆

December 2018 📆

November 2018

October 2018 5

September 2018 7

August 2018 📆

July 2018 📆

June 2018 📆

Average Unit Values

August 2019

July 2019 X

June 2019 X

May 2019 X

April 2019 X

March 2019 XI

February 2019

January 2019 🔀

December 2018

November 2018

October 2018

September 2018

August 2018

July 2018 🔀

May 2018 X

Payment Breakdown

August 2019 5

July 2019 📆

June 2019 📆

May 2019 📆

April 2019 📆

March 2019 📆

February 2019 📆

January 2019 🔁

December 2018 📆

November 2018 📆

October 2018 7

September 2018 📆

August 2018 📆

July 2018 📆

June 2018 🏂



County MTF Estimates -- Step 1: Allocation Factors



County Vehicle Registration Revenue

for MTF Distribution Month:

August, 2019

		County	County Urban Primary	Countywide	County Urban Local			Registration evenue
Name	Eng. (\$)	Miles	Miles	Local Miles	Miles	Population	Month	Amount (\$)
Alcona		209.54	5.74	517.39	11.36	10,112		
			1				09-2018	135,722.25
		4	$lue{lue}$	5	2	6	10-2018	140,851.20
							11-2018	116,097.08
							12-2018	107,253.51
							01-2019	108,540.27
							02-2019	148,651.25
							03-2019	139,174.75
							04-2019	144,437.67
							05-2019	153,324.50
							06-2019	133,394.44
							07-2019	137,171.23
							08-2019	143,569.49
						12 Month	Total:	\$1,608,187.64



County MTF Estimates -- Step 2: Calculations

MDOT / DOING BUSINESS



MTF Reports (Act 51 Allocations)

Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF) payment breakdown information related to individual monthly payments to incorporated cities, villages and county road commissions pursuant to Act 51, new revenue package, estimated revenues, and monthly and annual reports.

Revenue Data

New Revenue Package

Estimated City/Village Revenue

Estimated County Revenue

FY2019 - County MTF Estimated Revenue Based on ORTA 01/11/19

FY2020 - County MTF Estimated Revenue Based on ORTA 01/11/19

FY2021 - County MTF Estimated Revenue Based on ORTA 01/11/19



Receipts & Distributions

Annual Reports



County MTF Estimates -- Step 2: Calculations

			-				-	
COUNTY ESTIMATED AVER								
EOR THE PERIOD OF 10/2019 - 9/2	020							
Based on ORTA Revenue Estim	ate of 01/11/2019 DRAFT							
Includes \$325M Redirected Inco	ome Tax Revenue, \$143M PA 588	8 of 2018 Supplemental, and \$21.9M	Recre	ational Marijuana Tax Revenu	e			
Includes \$33M Local Road Prog	ram							
Does not include any special pa	yments (Snow, Engineering, or	r Jurisdictional Transfers)						
Updated: 4/10/2019								
		İ						
	TOTAL COUNTY DISTRIBUT				2/28/2019			
	LESS: 10 % URBAN ROAD 4% LOCAL ROAD			PRIMARY MI LOCAL MI	27,020.98 63,254.61	ļ		
	47. LUCAL NUAD	2 444,040,002		URBAN MILEAGE AS OF	2/28/2019	ļ		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NET COUNTY DISTRIBUTION	\$957,621,859		PRIMARY MI	5,414.03	ļ	•	
	00			LOCAL MI	11,447.29			
				RURAL POPULATION AS O				
					4,791,830	,		
		ļ		REGISTRATION TAX COLLE	\$1,235,426,180	ļ		
•		·	0	LAST 4 QUARTERS	♦1,233,426,160	ķ	ESTIMATING FORMAT	
<u> </u>		†	1	<u>}</u>	ļ	i i		
						1	UNITS 👔	SHARE
		\$82,336,381		5,414.03	=	\$15,208 >	5.74	= \$87,294
	\$111,351,379	URBAN PRIMARY SHARE RATIO: URBAN LOCAL MI +		URBAN PRIMARY MILEAGE				
	10% URBAN ROADS	6x URBAN PRIMARY MI				ļ		
······	10% ONDAR HOADS	OX OHDAN HINAM PI			ò			
		\$29,014,998	1	11,447.29	=	\$2,535	11.36	= \$28,794
		URBAN LOCAL SHARE		URBAN LOCAL MILEAGE		PER MILE		
		\$538,662,296 75% REGISTRATION TAX	<u> </u>	\$1,235,426,180 LAST 4 QUARTERS REGIST	= DATION	\$0.44 >	1,608,187.64 U	= \$701,191
		COLLECTIONS		TAX COLLECTIONS	KATION	COLLECTED	TAX COLLECTIONS FOR YOUR COUNTY	
				MINGGELOTION	Š	UULLLUILD		
					Ì	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	\$718,216,394	\$71,821,639		27,020.98	=	\$2,658	209.54	= \$556,956
	75% TO PRIMARY ROADS	10% PRIMARY ROAD MILEAGE		PRIMARY MILEAGE	ļ	PER MILE		
\$ 957.621.859		†				ļ		
NET COUNTY DISTRIBUTION	i i	\$107,732,459	7	83	=	\$1,297,981	1	= \$1,297,981
	1	15% EQUALLY TO EACH COUNTY		1/83 TO EACH COUNTY		PER COUNTY		
	A000 40F 40F	ļ						
	\$239,405,465 25% TO LOCAL ROADS	ļ						
	23/4 TO LUCAL HUADS	ļ				ļ		
	\$44,540,552 4% LOCAL	ļ				ļ		
	4% LUCAL	\$184,564,911		63,254.61	=	\$2,918 >	517.39	= \$1,509,646
	i i	65% LOCAL ROAD MILEAGE		LOCAL MILEAGE	÷	PER MILE	311.33	¥1,000,040
	\$283,946,016	1 noncension and a contract the contract of th			1	1		
	TOTAL LOCAL				Į	1	10 112 00 6	
		\$99,381,106		4,791,830	=	\$20.74 >	10,112.00	= \$209,720
		35% ON POPULATION		RURAL POPULATION	ļ	PER CAPITA		
		†				TOTAL SHARE		\$4,391,582
	òò					. OTHE SHANE		¥7,001,00Z



MTF Estimates Based On ORTA

MDOT / DOING BUSINESS

MTF Reports (Act 51 Allocations)

Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF) payment breakdown information related to individual monthly payments to incorporated cities, villages and county road commissions pursuant to Act 51, new revenue package, estimated revenues, and monthly and annual reports.

Revenue Data

New Revenue Package

City/Village Estimated Revenue - ORTA 01-11-2019 🏗

County Estimated Revenues - ORTA 01-11-2019 📆

New Revenue FAQs

Letter to Locals 📆

Estimated City/Village Revenue

Estimated County Revenue

Receipts & Distributions

Annual Reports



MTF Estimates Based On ORTA

Page 1 of 12

Estimated Distribution Schedule for Michigan Transportation Funding by City/Village

Does not include Snow Funds, Engineer's Payment and Jurisdictional Transfer Funds
Based on Treasury's ORTA Estimates 01/11/2019 (DRAFT)

Notes:

FY2019 - respective shares of \$150M Redirected Income Tax Transfers and \$114M PA 618 of 2018 Supplemental are included.

FY2020 - respective shares of \$325M Redirected Income Tax Transfers, \$143M PA 588 of 2018 Supplemental, and \$21.9M Marijuana Tax Transfers are included.

FY2021 - respective shares of \$600M Redirected Income Tax Transfers and \$37.8M Marijuana Tax Transfers are included.

	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated
	Revenues	Revenues	Revenues
City/Village	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2021
Addison	87,567.77	96,264.51	102,282.26
Adrian	2,137,573.39	2,349,865.18	2,496,761.27
Ahmeek	24,488.56	26,920.62	28,603.51
Akron	62,933.41	69,183.61	73,508.45
Alanson	95,663.32	105,164.07	111,738.14
Albion	973,583.15	1,070,273.99	1,137,179.54
Algonac	421,580.42	463,449.42	492,420.83
Allegan	587,806.65	646,184.31	686,578.95
Allen	17,266.58	18,981.41	20,167.98
Allen Park	2,808,266.88	3,087,168.21	3,280,155.00
Alma	998,728.73	1,097,916.87	1,166,550.45
Almont	263,075.16	289,202.31	307,281.08
Alpena	1,305,885.50	1,435,578.73	1,525,320.42
Alpha	49,975.01	54,938.26	58,372.59
Ann Arbor	12,052,899.58	13,249,926.03	14,078,212.79
Appleants	ES CEE NO	E0 000 74	62 670 00



MTF Estimates Based On ORTA

Page 1 of 2

Estimated Distribution Schedule for Michigan Transportation Funding by County Does not include Snow Funds, Engineer's Payment and Jurisdictional Transfer Funds

Based on Treasury's ORTA Estimates 01/11/2019 (DRAFT)

Notes:

FY2019 - respective shares of \$150M Redirected Income Tax Transfers and \$114M PA 618 of 2018 Supplemental are included.

FY2020 - respective shares of \$325M Redirected Income Tax Transfers, \$143M PA 588 of 2018 Supplemental, and \$21.9M Marijuana Tax Transfers are included

FY2021 - respective shares of \$600M Redirected Income Tax Transfers and \$37.8M Marijuana Tax Transfers are included.

	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	
	Revenues	Revenues	Revenues	
County	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2021	
Alcona	3,960,486.70	4,353,820.23	4,625,988.98	
Alger	2,982,513.70	3,278,720.39	3,483,681.81	
Allegan	14,383,876.61	15,812,403.31	16,800,878.21	
Alpena	5,039,413.88	5,539,900.47	5,886,214.22	
Antrim	5,141,388.86	5,652,003.04	6,005,324.61	
Arenac	3,956,714.60	4,349,673.52	4,621,583.04	
Baraga	2,891,607.53	3,178,785.92	3,377,500.17	
Barry	7,914,617.50	8,700,653.34	9,244,554.04	
Bay	12,298,557.38	13,519,981.77	14,365,151.38	
Benzie	4,050,310.20	4,452,564.50	4,730,906.03	
Berrien	16,753,022.74	18,416,839.88	19,568,124.95	
Branch	6,733,399.70	7,402,123.56	7,864,849.76	



Act 51 Homepage -- Other State Grants

MDOT / ABOUT MDOT / FINANCE & ADMINISTRATION / ACT 51

Act 51 - Financial Outreach

MDOT's Financial Outreach area is responsible for the distribution of Michigan Transportation Funds (MTF) to counties, cities, and villages as provided for in PA 51 of 1951, MCL 247.660. In addition, the department is responsible for the administration of MCL 247.662 and 247.663, which requires counties, cities, and villages to adhere to certain Act 51 requirements in order to be eligible for monthly MTF revenue distributions. Included in these requirements are the annual submission of county, city, and village financial reports to the department for review and approval.

Questions?

For MTF payments and County Act 51 report: Jingjing Chang, Financial Specialist, 517-241-3178 changj2@michigan.gov

For city/village Act 51 reports and Act 51 eligibility: Laura Loomis, Financial Specialist, 517-335-2556 loomisl2@michigan.gov

ADARS-Act 51

Act 51 Primer ADARS City-Village Instructions ADARS County Instructions ADARS County Instructions ADARS County Instructions ADARS AD

Guidance for Local Road Agency Transfers MDOT Forms
MDOT Form 2012 Snow County Map

Michigan Transportation Fund (MTF)

MTF Reports (Act 51 Allocations)
Est. Treasury Adjustment (\$44M) to CV
Est. FY18 DOS Adjustment to CV
Add'l Treasury Adjustment (\$13.4M) to CV
Combined Adjustments for CV
Communications Related to FY18 Adjustments

MTF Distribution History
Est. Treasury Adjustment (\$44M) to Co.
Est. FY18 DOS Adjustment to Co.
Add'l Treasury Adjustment (\$13.4M) to Co.
Combined Adjustments for County

Other State Grants

Training

Act 51 Training - January 2019

Section 18J

Section 18J Frequently Asked Questions MCL 247.668j

Form 2067 12 Form 2068 12



Increased Revenues for FY18 & FY19

- From SOM General Funds
 - > PA 82 of 2018 \$175M
 - Distributed on April 4, 2018
 - > PA 207 of 2018 \$300M
 - Distributed in two equal installments
 - October 10, 2018
 - January 10, 2019
- o Rolled up to MTF Revenue
 - > Redirected Income Tax Revenue \$150M
 - > PA 618 of 2018 \$114M



SIGMA Vendor Self Service (VSS)



SIGMA VSS

- SIGMA replaced MAIN
- www.Michigan.gov/SIGMAVSS
- VSS Helpdesk 1-888-734-9749
- VSS (Vendor Self Service) replaced CPE (Contract & Payment Express
 - Key field:
 - Customer ID NEW
 - Address ID replaced Mail Code
 - EIN Number
 - Mailing Address
- Warrants vs EFT payments

If you make any changes in VSS, send an email to MDOT-Outreach@Michigan.gov



* = Required

* User ID

Password

Login

Password Reset

Click the Register button to register a new or existing account.

Register

Guest Access

Welcome to State of Michigan SIGMA Vendor Self Service (VSS)

The State of Michigan SIGMA Vendor Self Service (VSS) system allows you, as a payee/vendor/grantee, to manage your information, view your financial transactions, view business and grant opportunities and much more. Click on the Register button to begin filling out an electronic application to become a payee/vendor/grantee. Please disable your pop-up blocker in order to access all parts of the site.

This site is best viewed with Internet Explorer 11 and Firefox 3.5 or 3.6.

If you have questions, please contact the State of Michigan VSS (SOM VSS) Support Center at SIGMA-Vendor@michigan.gov or 1-888-734-9749. The State of Michigan VSS (SOM VSS) Support Center Office Hours are 7:00 AM until 6:00 PM EST, Monday-Friday.

Announcements

10/13/2017

The State of Michigan vendor system SIGMA Vendor Self Service (SIGMA VSS) is now available.

SIGMA improves the way Michigan performs all financial activities, including budgeting, accounting, payments, and business and grant opportunities. SIGMA VSS improves how we work with vendors, payees and grantees, replacing Contract & Payment Express (C&PE) and Buy4Michigan.

Key Items

- You will continue to get paid regardless of whether you have claimed your SIGMA VSS account.
- You need to claim your SIGMA VSS account to respond to business and grant opportunities.
- Quick reference guides are available below to assist you with claiming your VSS
 account, registering as a new vendor with the state, or to see your payment
 information. Additionally, there are larger tutorials for claiming or registering for a new
 account.
- To claim your existing account, your password is your current C&PE user ID in all CAPITAL letters.

10/27/2017

Buy4Michigan to SIGMA transition:

Contacts

Click on link below to view the list of department contacts.

Agency Contacts

Forms and Reference Documents

Click on a form below to either save it to your desktop or open it in Adobe.



SOM VSS User Guide for New Vendors



SOM VSS User Guide for Existing Vendors



SOM VSS User Guide for Grantees

Forms used by Foreign payees:

- Certificate of Foreign Status of Beneficial Owner for U.S.Tax Withholding (Form W-8BEN) https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/fw8ben.pdf
- Certificate of Foreign Status of Beneficial Owner for U.S.Tax Withholding and Reporting (Entities) (Form W-8BEN-E) https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/fw8bene.pdf
- Certificate of Foreign Person's Claim for Exemption from Withholding (Form W-PECI) https://www.irc.gov/pub/irc.pdf/fw9cci.pdf

Help

Contact Us

Policies



Frequently Asked Questions



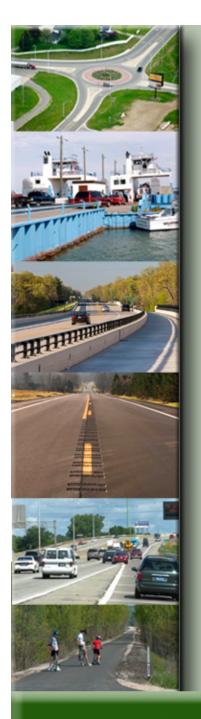
Frequently Asked Questions

- Can I use Act 51 funds for:
 - ➤ Parking spaces? Only on local streets.
 - ➤ Off-street parking? Yes if it meets the requirements (example: park and ride lot).
- Can I use Act 51 funds for Street Lighting?
 - > Yes to construct/repair/replace and lamp replacement.
 - > No to utilities.
- Dating Attest Forms
 - Use the date the report is submitted or was due. ADARS uses this date in some calculations.



- When is Form 2044 Engineering Reimbursement for Counties Due?
 - > June 30 to ensure August payment. The payment is capped at \$10,000.
 - For counties only.

- E-mail confirmation
 - ➢ If you send us a document using e-mail to our MDOT-Outreach@Michigan.gov mailbox or to Jingjing or me, we will respond with a confirmation e-mail. If you don't get a response from us, we did not receive your email.



- Can I use Gravel Road expenditures for Section 10k?
 - ➤ No, this was replaced with sidewalks.
- Does Act 51 require a minimum balance in Street Funds?
 - ➤ No, Act 51 does not require a municipality to carry a fund balance. However a negative fund balance will require a Deficit Elimination Plan from Treasury.



- Can I use Act 51 funds for planting trees?
 - Act 51 funds can be used for the removal and replacement of trees as part of a road project. They cannot be used for a beautification project or planting trees within your boundaries.
- Can Act 51 funds be used for maintenance on equipment/facilities?
 - ➤ No, Act 51 funds can be used for construction/repair or replacement. Maintenance activities are not allowed.



- Can I take depreciation for equipment using Schedule C Rental Rates?
 - No, the rate book already takes depreciation into account for the rates created.
- Is it required for county to provide the supplemental schedule for their fund breakdown information in their audited financials?
 - ➤ Yes. The supplemental schedule is not required by GAAP but is required by State's Bulletin for Audit of County Road Commission.



Communications

 If you have suggestions for improving customer service and communication from MDOT – Please send suggestions to the MDOT-Outreach@Michigan.gov mailbox.



Communications

- Valid e-mail address
- Subscribe to MDOT Act 51
 - https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/MIDO T/subscriber/new?topic_id=MIDOT_145



①

GovDelivery applications and services no longer support Internet Explorer 10 and

below.

Please upgrade your browser to a more current version.

Email Updates

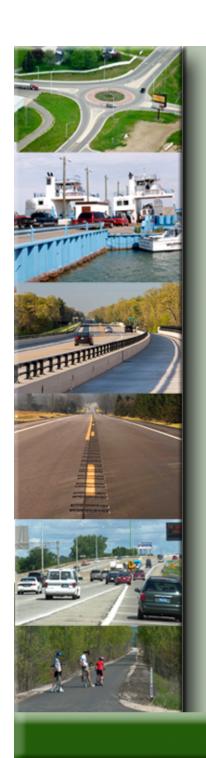
To sign up for updates or to access your subscriber preferences, please enter your contact information below.

Email Address



SUBMIT

CANCEL





- Laura Loomis Financial Specialist
 - o <u>loomisl2@michian.gov</u>
 - o (517) 335-2556
- Jingjing Chang Financial Specialist
 - o changj2@Michigan.gov
 - o (517)241-3178

2019 MMTA Fall Conference

People. Purpose. Passion. The Flights of Success

Mon., Oct. 14, 2019 – 4:30 pm: Customer Service Tactics and Deescalating Conflict



Michael Wierenga, co-founder of Two The Rescue, LLC. 616-240-4716; info@twotherescue.com

Michael is a co-founder of Two The Rescue L.L.C with over 25 years of law enforcement experience and nearly 5,000 hours of classroom and practical skill instruction. Mike's experience includes years of training, instruction and real-life application in de-escalation techniques, violence recognition indicators, effective communication skills and emergency responder safety and wellness.



Customer Service Tactics

Deescalating Conflict

Two The Rescue L.L.C.

1907 Millbrook St SE

Grand Rapids, MI 49508

www.twotherescue.com



Terry "Cujo" Bykerk

- 25 years Grand Rapids Police Department
- **Emergency Vehicle Operations** Coordinatór
- Michigan State Police Driving Instructor
- Grand Rapids Fire Department Instructor Grand Valley State University Instructor
- MACNLOW Police Supervision
- Field Training Officer (FTO)
- POLICE Magazine Contributor
- FTA Advanced Coaching Strategies
- Ohio Peace Officers Training Commission PIT Instructor Certification
- Gryphon Group Advanced Executive **Protection Certification**
- Stop Stick Instructor Certification
- "Bulletproof Mind"
- "Emotional Survival for Law Enforcement
- Ford Interceptor Prototype Contributor

Michael "Stumpy" Wierenga

- 18 years Thornapple Twp. Fire/EMS 25 years Law Enforcement
- Grand Rapids Police/Fire Peer Support
- Verbal Defense & Influence Instructor
- **Emergency Vehicle Operations** Coordinator
- Michigan State Police Driving Instructor
- Grand Rapids Fire Department Instructor
- Grand Valley State University Instructor Field Training Officer (FTO) Street Officers & Terrorism

- Reid Interview & Interrogation
- Scenario & Simunitions Instructor
- CISM: Advanced Group Crisis CISM: Suicide Prevention & Intervention
- CISM: Trauma To Addictions
- CISM: Line of Duty Deaths
- TBL: Death Notifications
- DOJ: The Traumas of Law Enforcement

10-5-2' Customer Service

- 10' activity is evaluation, intelligence & physical acknowledgment
 - ✓ Safety Response = Exit
- 5' activity is verbal acknowledgment, greeting & communication
 - ✓ Safety Response = Evade
- 2' activity is minimal physical operational needs
 - ✓ Safety Response = Escape

Presentation & Greeting

- 1. Meet & Greet
 - ✓ Identify yourself and your title
 - ✓ Body language yours & client
- 2. Tell them the WHY
- 3. Tell them the WHAT
- 4. **EXPLAIN** beneficial reasons to cooperate
- 5. Listen/observe their response
- 6. Offer options with benefits if negative response
- 7. Take action

Control & De-Escalation

- Choose the right words
 - Emotional and procedures
 - Conflicting needs and policies
- Don't allow your EGO into the situation
- De-Escalation is behavior driven
- De-Escalation only works when you see positive change towards compliance
- Compliance vs. Posturing
- Don't ARGUE Why & What!

De-Escalation Techniques

VERBAL DEFLECTION

- Active Listening paraphrase their responses
- Rapport
- Common ground
- Encourage them to talk by asking open ended ?'s & let them answer
- Do the words match the body language?
- Withhold judgment
- Is action appropriate for situation

De-Escalation Techniques

- O.O.D.A. LOOP Observe Orient Decide Act
 - Ask a DIRECT unrelated question
 - Breaks their thought process & focus area
 - Shifts customers to LISTEN, process and rationalize
 - Subjects behavior determines whether objective is rapport or control
 - Control: follow up immediately with business or directive

The Art Of Making An Apology

- APOLOGIZE regardless of fault
 - Defuses anger
 - Customer feels heard and understood
 - Allows you to reestablish trust
 - Reduces complaints and lawsuits
- SINCERE
 - ✓ "I'm sorry" is not enough
 - Avoid "I apologize for the inconvenience."
 - "I'm sorry you're feeling X because we did Y."

Managing An Angry Client

- LISTEN
 - Allow venting when behavior is appropriate
 - ✓ Gather intelligence on specific issue
 - Determine the real reason for the anger
- EMPATHIZE:
 - See the world through their eyes
 - Acknowledge their frustration
- APOLOGIZE